# UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

VOL. 41 NO. 97

JUNE 1, 1940

# Report of The Registrar of the University 1938-39

Reprinted from The President's Report for 1938-39, University of Michigan

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN
PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY

# THE REGISTRAR OF THE UNIVERSITY

To the President of the University:

SIR—I have the honor to present the report of the Registrar for the year 1938-39.

Certain problems and procedures which affect all units of the Registrar's Office will be mentioned first and the remainder of the report will be in four parts, one for each division of the office: admissions, records, statistics, and editorial.

Personnel.—In August, 1938, Mr. Edward Stevens Rice, A.M., Assistant to the Registrar, was added to the staff of the Records Division. Mrs. Ione Hendrian, of the Records Division, resigned, effective June 30, 1939, and was succeeded by Mr. Robert August Duval, A.M., effective July 1, 1939. Miss Helen Travis continued her work in the office of Alumni Relations on the University of Michigan encyclopedia. Mrs. Anne Withrow continued on the staff in the Editorial Division as a substitute for Miss Travis. Mrs. Lois Clever, of the Admissions Division, was transferred, effective June 30, to the office of the Academic Counselors in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts. Her position in the Admissions Office has as yet not been filled, leaving one vacancy. Mr. Walter Donnelly, of the Editorial Division, continues to give some time to the work on the encyclopedia.

Enrollment.—The enrollment of the University was larger during the 1938-39 session than ever before. Further details of enrollment statistics will be given in the report of the Statistical Division. The increasing enrollment of the University continues to add problems to all units of the University, including the Registrar's Office.

. Co-operation with secondary schools and other units.—Every effort is made to continue the close cordial relationship between the University and the secondary-school principals of the State. High-school principals who have freshmen enrolled in the University are sent a complete report of the tests given during the Orientation Period, showing scores made by individual students entering from their high schools. Reports are also sent to the principals at the end of the first semester and at the end of the year, giving the scholastic success of their students in the freshman class. In addition, the five-week reports of freshmen the first semester are tabulated and made available for the use of the Freshman-Principal Conference. This conference is discussed in more detail in a later section. Principals of the State are also sent other bulletins and reports from the office which will keep them informed of the policies of the University of interest to themselves and to their students.

Membership in the usual professional organizations is maintained for the contribution they make in this connection.

The sending of freshmen to the University of Michigan by the highschool principals should be highly praised, for it shows their close interest in their students after high-school days and their ever willingness to co-operate with the University and other educational institutions in the State to the end that the transition period between high school and college may be made as simple as possible.

The Office has been represented at more than fifty meetings and conferences, during the year, with a view toward assisting, in any possible way, the closer relationships needed between the University and other educational units of the State.

Use of automatic equipment.—During the year the Statistical Division has expanded its use of tabulating cards to handle grade reports for students in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, to prepare many of the reports sent high-school principals of the State, to secure copy for the official student directory of the University, and otherwise to facilitate the work of all divisions of the office. In addition experiments have been conducted with a view toward posting the summary personnel records of the Dean of Students as well as those of the Dean of Women. At the present time different procedures are being employed each semester in this connection until the wisest procedure to follow can be established.

Analyses of problems.—Each division of the office has been able to devote some time to an analysis of one or more problems of an educational nature which occur to the individuals in the various units. These studies are of value not only to the office in itself but to the Schools and Colleges, as well as to administrative offices of the University.

General correspondence.—Requests and inquiries from individuals, high schools, and colleges, which reach the Registrar's Office direct through the mail or are referred from other campus offices, have continued to be numerous and, in fact, increase each year. These are mostly in regard to courses, requirements, living conditions, student aid, and expense. The duplex envelope, which carries a first-class personal message as well as official publications of the University, has proved adequate in caring for these requests. Through the co-operation of the Dictaphone Station and the Mailing Room, replies are sent very promptly. During the year approximately 40,000 duplex envelopes were used in the Registrar's Office in distributing the University official publications. The expenditure for communication was \$1,991.47. This was mostly for postage, only a very small amount for telephone and telegraph messages.

NYA assistance.—During the year, the office in its various branches has been served by 45 NYA students and has accomplished much which could not have been done without this assistance.

# ADMISSIONS DIVISION

Admission requirements.—The entrance regulations approved by the Board of Regents on December 14, 1934, are the only ones which have been in force since September, 1937. However, as a decided change was made in the regulations set up by the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, the students who have entered that College under the new regulations, whose high-school programs would not have qualified them for admission under

the old, are of particular interest. There were thirty-nine students in this group in the class entering in September, 1938.

In September, 1935, the first year in which the new regulations were in force, there were twenty-one students in the group. The history of these students is as follows: six were graduated in June, 1939, at the end of four years; four are still in residence, three with satisfactory standing and one on probation; four withdrew while in good standing and two withdrew while on probation; five were requested to withdraw because of poor scholarship.

Freshman admissions.—The policy and procedure of the past few years have been continued. To permit a more careful study of each application as well as to advise the student when necessary with regard to a change in program to meet the entrance requirements, it has been suggested to students that although they may submit their applications at the end of the junior year, they are urged to submit them at the end of the first semester of the senior year. The results have been gratifying, for each succeeding year a larger number of the applications are received by June 1.

There has also been an increase in the number of letters received in the autumn from both high-school principals and prospective freshmen concerning high-school programs in relation to entrance requirements of the University.

Freshman deficiencies.—Freshmen may now enter only the Colleges of Engineering and of Pharmacy, and the curriculum of architecture in the College of Architecture with entrance deficiencies. Of the 436 freshmen entering the College of Engineering in September, 82 entered with deficiencies, with only a few entering other colleges with such deficiencies.

Comparative rating of Michigan and non-Michigan freshmen.—The high-school averages and the averages of the freshmen at the University of Michigan, by students entering from Michigan and from non-Michigan schools, are grade-point averages, with A equal to 4 points; B, 3; C, 2; D, 1; and E, 0. The averages given in the table below are for the entire freshman class entering in September, including freshmen in all curricula.

Statistically these figures show no significant difference in the scholastic accomplishments in the high school of the students comprising the freshman classes from 1930 through 1938, nor is there any significant difference between the groups from Michigan and non-Michigan high schools.

CLASS ENTERED SEPTEM-	NUMBER OF HIGH-SCHOOL STUDENTS AVERAGE		FIRST	V. MICH. SEMESTER ERAGE	UNIV. MICH: FIRST YEAR AVERAGE		
BER		Mich.	Non-Mich.	Mich.	Non-Mich.	Mich.	Non-Mich.
1930	1,337	2.87	2.50	2.27	2.28	2.37	2.38
1931	1,195	2.96	2.52	2.36	2.29	2.38	2.31
1932	1,054	2.96	2.53	2.38	2.35	2.42	2.37
1933	1,301	2.94	2.55	2.37	2.35	2.42	2.35
1934	1,477	2.99	2.66	2.26	2.33	2.31	2.35
1935	1,484	3.03	2.72	2.24	2.34	2.30	2.38
1936	1,665	3.03	2.77	2.25	2.35	2.29	2.36
1937	1,660	3.07	2.81	2.32	2.36	2.37	2.37
1938	1,616	3.09	2.86	· 2.36	2.36	2.44	2.45

Prognostic rating.—Concerning the selection of the freshman class, on the acceptance of each student for admission a prediction of the probable degree of his success in the University is made. These predictions divide the freshman class into three groups, as follows: the A-1 group, which should do superior work; the A-2 group, which should do at least average work; and the A-3 group, which may have some scholastic difficulty. The table below gives the results of the predictions for the freshman class for the last four years, including freshmen in all colleges and divisions who completed the work of the first semester.

These ratings are made on the information contained in the application blanks. The results of the scholastic-aptitude test and the English-content examination given all freshmen during their first week on the campus are not available at the time the predictions are made.

The various officers interested in personnel work with the freshmen are continuing to use the information on the admission blanks, the rating given

	A	,	В	;	C	;	n	,	E	2	Inc	 :.
GROUP YEAR	Hours	Per Cent										
A-1 1935-36 (364 students)	1,239	55.5	2,260	38.6	1,716	18.0	189	7.5	47	4.2	111	22.9
1936-37 (346 students)	1,265	54.8	2,204	31.8	1,504	14.2	175	6.0	14	1.2	103	15.3
1937–38 (240 students) A-1 1938–39	997	41.2	1,662	24.1	873	8.2	56	2.1	7	.8	65	14.0
A-1 1938-39 (313 stu- dents)	1,313	49.8	2,078	29.1	1,219	11.8	103	4.4	32	3.0	47	14.3
A-2 1935-36 (601 stu- dents)	773	34.6	2,608	44.5	4,279	44.7	941	37.3	356	32.0	122	25.2
1936-37 (656 students)	752	32.6	3,115	44.9	4,612	43.5	988	33.9	248	22.0	262	38.9
A-2 1937-38 (748 students)	1,173	48.5	3,544	51.3	5,204	48.8	964	35.5	227	25.5	193	41.6
1938–39 (759 students)	1,037	39.3	3,544	49.7	5,434	52.7	1,035	(44.0	357	33.7	123	37.3
A-3 1935–36 (489 stu- dents)	220	9.9	994	17.0	3,568	37.3	1,395	55.2	711	63.8	252	52.0
1936-37 (629 stu- dents)	293	12.7	1,614	23.3	4,493	42.4	1,752	60.1	867	76.8	308	45.8
A-3 1937-38 (622 stu- dents)	248	10.3	1,697	24.6	4,587	43.0	1,694	62.4	657	73.7	206	44.4
A-3 1938-39 (519 stu- dents)	289	10.9	1,512	21.2	3,661	35.5	1,215	51.6	669	63.2	159	48.4

the student with regard to probable success, and the results of the scholasticaptitude test and the English-content examination. The academic counselors for freshmen and sophomores in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts were given a separate office in September so that they no longer hold their consultations with freshmen in this office.

Freshman enrollment.—Permits to register were issued to 1,926 prospective freshmen for the first semester of 1938–39. Of this number 1,609 actually registered, 1,127 men and 482 women, showing a decrease of 51 over the 1937 enrollment when 1,080 men and 580 women registered. This represents a slight increase in the freshman enrollment in all of the Schools and Colleges with the exception of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts and the Curriculum in Physical Education in the School of Education, in which there was a decrease.

The following table gives the number of freshmen who registered in September, 1938, and in February, 1939, in the various Schools and Colleges:

SCHOOLS AND	MICHIGAN HIGH SCHOOLS				N-MICHIGA GH SCHOO			TOTAL			
COLLEGES	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Men Women			
L.,S.,&A	303	224	527	359	204	563	662	428	1,090		
Engineering	163	•::	163	289	2	291	452	2	454		
Architecture	9	13	22	11	9	20	20 8	22	42 10		
Pharmacy	3	11	11	٥	1	6 2	1	13	13		
Dental Hygiene Education	12	6	18	5	6	11	1 17	12	29		
Music	12	12	24	12	12	24	24	24	48		
Total*	502	267	769	681	236	917	1,183	503	1,686		
* Total Refunds Include	:d			<u>'</u>							
L.,S.,&A	. 3	1	4	1		1	4	1	5		
Engineering				1		1	1		1		
Education		••	••	<u>1</u>	••	_1	1	<u></u>	1		
Total	. 3	_1	4	3	0	3	6	1	7		

Geographical distribution.—In the freshman class of 1938–39, 38 states, the District of Columbia, and 20 countries outside continental United States were represented. The registration from these countries was as follows: Canada, 14; Canal Zone, 3; China, 1; Hawaii, 1; and Puerto Rico, 1. From the state of Michigan the registration was 806, or 48 per cent of the class that entered. This is the number living in Michigan, not the number entering from Michigan high schools, which is slightly smaller. The other states sending large delegations are as follows: New York, 308; Illinois, 129; Ohio, 116; Pennsylvania, 65; New Jersey, 47; Indiana, 46; and Massachusetts, 18.

Number of students per each secondary school.—Of the 623 accredited high schools in Michigan, 189 were represented by the freshmen who entered for the first semester of 1938–39. Of the high schools outside of Michigan, 524 were represented by the freshman class for the first semester. Schools represented by only 1 student numbered 454, whereas each of 103 schools was represented by only 2 students. The total number of schools represented was 713. As usual, the largest delegation, which numbered 80, entered from the Ann Arbor High School.

Congratulatory letters to parents and principals.—We have continued the practice adopted in 1931 of sending congratulatory letters to parents of freshmen who had notably good records for the first semester. Copies of these letters were sent to the principals of the high schools from which the students were graduated.

We have also continued the practice adopted in 1932 of mailing congratulatory letters to high-school principals sending unusually good delegations of three or more students, based on the grades of the first semester. These letters are, of course, in addition to the usual reports of grades for the first semester, which have been sent to the principals regularly for a considerable number of years.

For the first time the following award was made:

This is to certify that, among the groups of students entering the University of Michigan in the year 1938-39, from the high schools of the State of Michigan, the group from the Lincoln High School of the Ferndale-Pleasant Ridge School District consisting of the following freshmen—Jack William Mann, Raymond Milton Robinson, Rosebud Scott, Jesse Bowdle Wright—by its combined record has received first honors for excellence in scholarship during the first semester of resident study.

The Registrar's Office plans to make a similar award each year.

Freshman grades.—A study of freshman grades for September entrants shows the following:

	NO.		F			1938-39			GRADE		
SCHOOLS AND	STUDENTS		SEMESTER HOURS								
COLLEGES	GRADED	A	В	С	D	E	IX	TOTAL	AVERAGE*		
L.,S.,and A. Per Cent	1,024	1,559 10.4	4,461 29.6	6,706 44.5	1,505 10.0	639 4.2	187 1.2	15,057	2.32		
Engineering Per Cent	426	884 13.0	2,126 31.2	2,720 39.9	616 9.0	332 4.9	143 2.1	6,821	2.39		
Pharmacy Per Cent	9	23 15.6	29 19.7	74 50.3	13 8.8	8 5.4		147	2.31		
Dental Hygiene Per Cent		5 3.1	56 34.4	76 46.6	16 9.8	10 6.1		163	2.18		
Architecture Per Cent	39	56 9.2	179 29.3	223 36.6	55 9.0	34 5.6	63 10.3	610	2.31		
Education Per Cent	23	16 4.7	50 14.7	193 56.6	64 18.8	15 4.4	.9	341	1.96		
Music Per Cent	46	98 13.8	213 30.0	296 41.6	68 9.6	20 2.8	16 2.3	711	2.43		
Total Per Cent	1,579	2,641· 11.1	7,114 29.8	10,288 43.1	2,337 9.8	1,058 4.4	412 1.7	23,850	2.34		
	•		SE	COND SE	MESTER,	1938-3	,				
L. S., and A. Per Cent	971	1,672 11.6	4,608 32.1	6,541 45.5	1,125 7.8	252 1.8	178 1.2	14,376	2.45		
Engineering Per Cent	414	1,027 16.3	1,790 28.4	2,377 37.7	670 10.6	295 4.7	150 2.4	6,309	2.42		
Pharmacy Per Cent	<sup>*</sup> 9	30 21.3	39 27.7	37 26.2	21 14.9	5.7	6 4.3	141	2.46		
Dental Hygiene Per Cent	11	4.6	67 38.7	92 53.2	6 3.5	• • •	• • •	173	2.45		
Architecture Per Cent	39	47 7.6	159 25.8	237 38.4	97 15.7	30 4.9	47 7. <u>6</u>	617	2.17		
Education Per Cent	22	12 3.6	96 28.7	148 44.2	60 17.9	12 3.6	2.1	. 335	2.11		
Music Per Cent	48	77 11.8	210 32.3	266 40.9	47 7.2	19 2.9	32 4.9	651	2.45		
Total Per Cent	1,514	2,873 12.7	6,969 30.8	9,698 42.9	2,026 9.0	616 2.8	420 1.9	22,602	2.43		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}$  The scale used in figuring averages follows: A-4 points; B-3 points; C-2 points; D-1 point; E-0 points; IX-disregarded.

Withdrawals.-The dates and reasons for the withdrawals of any freshman entrants of September, 1938, and February, 1939, are contained in the following table:

ANALYSIS OF FRESHMAN WITHDRAWALS BY CAUSE AND DATE\* September, 1938-June, 1939

CAUSE OF WITHDRAWAL	L., S., & A.	Eng.	Pharm.	Dent. Hyg.	Arch.	Ed.	Nurs.	Music	Total
1. Home action									
February—Home	21	4					8		33
February—Home but immediately							_		
reinstated	35†	14†							49
June—Home	62	36			1	3			102
June-Home but immediately		-	-			_			
reinstated	. 1	7							. 8
2. Not to return without the consent of the									
Administrative Board									
February	5								5
Tune	5							2	7
Other times	9					•			9
3. Ill health	14	4		1		1	- 2.	1	21
4. Financial difficulties	5	6		·	1				12
5. To attend school elsewhere	2		• •						2
6. Family illness and need			• •	• •			1		1
7. Employment	1	1	• •			• •	1	• •	3
8. Not specified—average less than "C" for	•	•	• •	••		••	•	• •	U
final semester	4	5	1	1	2		1		14
9. Not specified—satisfactory average, final		·	•	•	-	• •	•	• •	- '
semester	8	5				1	4		18
10. Transfers within the University‡	8	8	•	•	• •	î	1	2	20
IV. Hanslers within the University #		_	<u> </u>	<u>··</u>					
Total	180	90	1	2	4	6	16	5	304
Duplicates	20	11					10		31
Duplicates		_							
Net Total Withdrawals	160	79	1	2	4	6	16	5	273
1,00 1000 11100000000000000000000000000		· · ·			•			-	

\* Withdrawals in June which were not accompanied by a "Home" or "N.T.R." action have been disregarded. Students who withdrew during the first semester and re-entered the same school the second semester have also been disregarded. In February, 35 freshmen in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts and 14 freshmen in the College of Engineering received a "Home" action because of poor scholarship. For certain reasons they were allowed to enroll for the second semester with the understanding that, unless they were able to make a "C" average and no "E" grades during the semester, they would be required to withdraw permanently in June. In June we find the following action taken:

L., S., and A.	Engineering
1. No action (transfer) 1 2. Home 15 3. Probation continued 13  ‡ Includes February transfers as follows:	1. Home       10         2. Withdrew during semester       1         3. Probation raised       3         4. Withdrew during semester       4         5. Action deferred       2
Lit., Eng 4 Lit., Arch. 2 Lit., Ed 1 Lit., Music 1 Eng., Lit. 5	Eng., Arch.       2         Eng., Ed.       1         Ed., Lit.       1         Nurs., Music       1         Music, Lit.       2

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL	L., S., & A.	Eng.	Pharm.	Dent. Hyg.	Arch.	Ed.	Nurs.	Music	Total
October	3	3					1		7
November	4		1	1					6
December	3					1	1		5
January	6	2			1				9
February			•					-	
Withdrawals	38	10		1	2		8		59
Transfers within the University	8	8				1	1	2	20
Immediate reinstatement	35*	14	٠.						49
March	6	4					1		11
April	7	2				1	2		12
May	2	3					٠2	1	8
June									
Home	63	44			1	3			111
N.T.R.	5	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	2	7
Total	180	90	1		4	6	16		304
Duplicates		11						٠.	31
Net Total	160	<del>7</del> 9	1		4	6	<u>i</u> 6	5	273

<sup>\*</sup> In February, 35 freshmen in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, and 14 freshmen in the College of Engineering received a "Home" action because of poor scholarship. For certain reasons they were allowed to enroll for the second semester with the understanding that, unless they were able to make a "C" average and no "E" grades during the semester, they would be required to withdraw permanently in June. In June we find the following action taken:

L., S., and A.	•	Engineering		
1. No action (transfer) 2. Home 3. Probation continued 4. Withdrew during semester 5. Action deferred	15 13 4	1. Home	1	

Entrance examinations.—Fifty-four applicants for admission to the freshman class who were required to validate credit in certain subjects appeared for the examinations this year. As in other years, only a few were present at the February and June periods. During the week of September 12, 62 examination papers were written by 42 applicants in 11 different subjects. Although it was the vacation period, the departments co-operated in marking the papers promptly. This enabled the Registrar's Office to approve or reject finally the pending applications of this group of prospective students before the beginning of the Orientation Period.

College Entrance Board examinations.—At the request of the College Entrance Examination Board, the Registrar's Office again conducted their June examinations. All questions and supplies were sent from the office of the Board in New York City and the examination papers were returned to them immediately at the close of each day's period. It is a distinct advantage to high-school students in this vicinity who wish to take these examinations to have the University as one of the centers.

Auditing vouchers.—At the end of each month when the Business Office has completed the necessary work on the vouchers, which cover the disburse-

ment of University funds, the books are temporarily transferred to the Registrar's Office. They are initialed by an office assistant and then checked with a representative from the Business Office against the abstract made up in that office. This is, of course, merely a matter of routine but entails a great deal of time each month as well as the transportation to and fro of books from one building to another.

College-day programs.—Senior students in high schools of the State frequently wish to talk with authorized representatives of the different colleges regarding problems of admission, living conditions, opportunities for selfhelp, and other problems in connection with their attendance at college in the fall. For many years the high schools of the State were visited by representatives of various colleges, without invitation, and were given an allotment of time by the high-school principals to talk with the senior classes as a whole and to have individual conferences with students and parents who might be interested in attending that particular institution. This practice spread to such an extent that the principals were forced to seek some means of conserving time. Otherwise, too high a percentage of the time of the second semester of the final year was given over to such activities.

Several years ago the high-school principals of the State approved a plan for setting aside one day in the spring in the various high schools for a college-day program. Under this plan any high school wishing to participate sets aside one particular day and invites representatives of all colleges to attend the school on that day. Usually, a short program of general interest is arranged, followed by conferences between the college representatives and the students interested in that particular school. This plan has one outstanding advantage. It enables the high-school students and their parents to consult with representatives of several colleges on the same day and to secure advice and information from institutions that may enable the students to make a more intelligent choice of a college.

The college-day idea has apparently grown in the state of Michigan to such an extent that each year we are asked to participate in more programs than in preceding years. One of the most hopeful signs within the last year or two comes from the increasing number of smaller schools that band together to have a college day in one centralized location.

In addition to college-day exercises in the state of Michigan, the Registrar interviews prospective freshmen in Boston, New York City, and Chicago in the spring. These interviews are for definite guidance purposes. Prospective freshmen and their parents may be advised by the Registrar regarding problems of college admission.

Principal-freshman conference.—The principal of each high school represented in the current freshman class was invited by letter to come to Ann Arbor on November 17, 1938, to confer with his former students. In preceding years the interviews were held in the various rooms of the Registrar's Office and in several adjoining offices, which were loaned to us for the day. This year we were fortunate in being permitted to use the entire second floor of the Horace H. Rackham School of Graduate Studies. The spaciousness of

the study halls and lounges enabled us to provide ample space for the representatives from seventy-two schools to hold their interviews throughout the morning. (The University High School principal and teachers talked with their students in the High School Office.)

The interviews averaged fifteen minutes and were based upon grade reports for the first five weeks of the semester, together with questionnaires filled out by the students covering their preparation for University work and their living and working conditions on the campus. The facilities of the Rackham Building permitted the conferences to proceed without undue noise or confusion or the congestion which could not be avoided in previous years. Through the services of members of the University R.O.T.C., the high-school visitors and the freshmen were met at the door and escorted to the desks assigned to them for the day. Guide service through the Building was also available from the R.O.T.C. students.

The deans of the junior colleges in Michigan were invited to participate in the conferences this year, and five accepted the invitation. They met with their former students who had transferred to the University, in the Lecture Hall on the main floor.

Upperclassmen and members of the faculty were invited through notices in the *Daily* to call upon the principals during the morning. Principals from some of the high schools sending a large number of freshmen to the University brought several of their teachers along to assist them in their interviewing, so that there were approximately 120 high-school representatives in attendance in addition to 6 junior-college officers. Five out-of-state high schools were among the total of 73. About 700 University students were interviewed.

At noon the high-school visitors and 60 members of the University faculty met at luncheon in the Michigan Union. We had as our guests also admission officers from 2 out-of-state universities and from a number of colleges in Michigan. Following the luncheon an informal discussion pertaining to the transition from high school to college was held by the college officers and the principals.

In addition to promoting good will and understanding between the University and the secondary schools from which it draws, this annual conference is advantageous to all who participate. The principal can at this time secure information available through no other channel which enables him better to prepare future University freshmen. The University learns what it can do to smooth the passing from high school to college and to assist the freshman in making his adjustment. Problems of individual students can be discussed and ultimately adjusted. Thus, the splendid co-operation of the principals, the students, and the University staff on this day effects farreaching and lasting benefits.

#### RECORDS DIVISION

Studies.—During the year 1938-39, brief investigations have been made into the following problems:

1. Courses elected by 1938 graduates entering from high school. This investigation considers the number of elementary courses intended primarily for fresh-

men, numbered 1-30, elementary courses intended for nonfreshmen, numbered 31-100, advanced courses for advanced students, numbered 101-200, and courses for graduate students numbered 201 and up.

2. Courses elected by June, 1938, graduates entering the University on advanced

standing. The problem is the same as in the preceding paragraph.

3. Analysis of the records of students considered for concentration in February, 1939. This investigation gives the causes for students' failure to concentrate in a normal period of four semesters.

4. Partial analysis of the academic records of students on discipline during the

first semester of the 1938-39 session.

The above four studies have been referred to the Dean of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts for whatever consideration the faculty may decide to give to the problems involved.

5. An analysis of the academic success of students entering from schools accredited for one year, two years, or three years. This study is in progress and should be

completed during the coming year.

6. Present practice of admitting students by transfer in 437 American colleges and universities. This study was made as a special report to the American Association of Collegiate Registrars from the Special Projects Committee under the chairmanship of the Registrar of the University of Michigan.

Several of the above-mentioned studies have been published in recognized educational journals. Others will not be published, because of the confidential nature of the data. It is hoped that it will be possible to continue such investigations in order that the deans and faculties of the five Schools and Colleges whose records are kept in this office may be advised of administrative problems as they appear, through analysis of the students' academic records.

Mr. Pendorf has completed his analysis of the records of the 1937 graduating class of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts. This project was carried on out of office hours and has been accepted as a master's thesis in the School of Education. Another graduate student completed a thesis during the year in which an analysis was made of the academic success of natives versus transfers of the graduating class of 1937 from the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts.

Registration.—At the beginning of each semester students from all units of the University register in Waterman Gymnasium, and in addition students from the Literary College, the School of Education, the School of Music, and the Graduate School classify in the gymnasium. Classification of graduate students is under the supervision of the Graduate School. The general setup of the gymnasium is under the supervision of the Registrar's Office.

By June 21, 1939, each student in the five units handled by the Registrar's Office had had a blueprint of his record made and mailed with a revised issue of *Directions for Registration and Classification*. The dispatch with which the grades were recorded, blueprinted, and mailed could not have been accomplished without the continued co-operation of the faculties. In February, 1939, 98 per cent of the grades in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts were turned in on schedule, and in June, 99.98 per cent were turned in on schedule.

With the co-operation of Assistant Dean E. A. Walter and Assistant Professor Arthur Van Duren the registration procedure has been simplified and improved.

The permanent record of each student now shows grades of I—incomplete, and X—absent from examination, incurred at any time, as well as the final grade earned in each course. This rule is followed in the School of Forestry and Conservation and the Colleges of Architecture, Music, and Literature, Science, and the Arts. This will give the adviser a more complete picture of the student's past performance than was formerly possible.

General procedure in record keeping.—The faculties of the five Schools and Colleges, and of the Extension Service, whose records are kept in this office, have been most co-operative during the year. On February 11, the close of the first semester of the session, 98 per cent of the grades of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts had been received in this office, posted to the permanent records, checked, and returned to the current files. At the close of the second semester, 99.98 per cent of the grades of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts were received in this office on scheduled time. The posting of grades at these early dates makes it possible for advisers and students alike to have the necessary data in order to make plans for the next semester in residence.

Beginning with the Summer Session, 1938, the Statistical Division of the Registrar's Office has handled grades for the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts on tabulating cards. This procedure has been found valuable by the Office of the Dean, the Assistant Dean, the Academic Counselors, and the Registrar's Office in handling various problems that arise at the end of each semester and at the beginning of the new one. It is hoped that this service can be continued in the future.

At some time during the years 1932 and 1933, the practice of notifying all parents of the grades of their students at each marking period in the colleges was discontinued as an economy move. In May, 1937, this question was raised, considered, and at that time it was thought unnecessary to renew this practice. The question was again raised, however, in the spring of 1939, and it seemed well to re-establish the practice of notifying the parents of the grades of their students at each marking period.

The tracing-cloth permanent records of all students who have received degrees from the five schools whose records are kept in this office were in June, 1939, photographed on heavyweight paper, reduced to size  $8\frac{1}{2}$  by 11, and placed in the vault files. This makes it possible for students who have received degrees from their respective colleges to receive transcripts of their records with the faculty action or notices of academic discipline deleted. The Alumni Catalog Office was kind enough to accept the original linensheet records and has filed them with other information regarding all students of the University. Appreciation should be expressed again to the Alumni Catalog Office for its unfailing eagerness to accept for permanent filing any pertinent data regarding students no longer in residence in the University.

Through the co-operation of the Extension Service-Supervised Corre-

spondence Study Department—plans have been worked out for permanent records to be kept for students enrolling in correspondence courses.

During the year it was possible to complete a volume of several hundred pages giving the course titles, departmental number, and semester hours of credit of courses taught in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts since 1918 and for courses in the School of Education since its formal opening in 1922.

At the suggestion of the College of Architecture arrangements have been made for grades of I and X to be shown permanently on the records of students. In addition, the final make-up grade is also shown. This procedure, showing the original temporary grade and the final grade, will be of considerable value to campus advisers and to prospective employers. It is true that almost any student may have one semester in which he receives one or more grades of I or X. This should not reflect any discredit on the student. The student, however, who receives one or more grades of I or X each semester—as occasionally students are wont to do—will have this information shown on his record for the benefit of all advisers and prospective employers. The value of this proposed change was appreciated at once by four of the five Schools and Colleges whose records are on file in this office. This is considered to be one of the most constructive changes in record keeping that has been made in the past few years.

Through the co-operation of the Assistant Dean and the Chairman of the Academic Counselors of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, the routine followed by students who have been out of residence one or more semesters was greatly simplified.

According to reports from the registrars' offices of 337 American colleges and universities, the average number of records kept by each record keeper in these offices was 463. In this office at the University of Michigan the average number of records kept per record keeper has been slightly in excess of 1,000. This load has made it necessary to depend, during the year, on some thirty NYA students to assist in carrying on the routine work in the office. Much more satisfactory results could be achieved in all respects if this number of NYA students were reduced by the addition of more permanent record keepers to the staff, thus bringing our office staff more nearly in line with the general averages in registrars' offices throughout the country.

Degree programs.—Students in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts are admitted to the various fields of concentration as soon as they have earned at least 60 hours with an average of C grade or better on all work elected and have satisfied the requirement in English composition. A check card is made for every sophomore each semester and summer who will fulfill these two requirements by the end of the semester or summer when his grades are recorded. Students who fail to obtain one or the other of these requisites for concentration by the time they have completed 60 hours are liable for discipline.

After a student has been admitted to candidacy for a degree, he is given triplicate concentration forms and a blueprint of his record. The forms are signed by his concentration adviser in the field of choice, and the

original is returned to the Registrar's Office. The other two copies are for the adviser and the student, and the blueprint is for the files of the adviser.

As soon as the original concentration form, signed by the adviser, has been returned to this office, it is filed in the student's folder, and the check card is coded for the field of concentration, of which there are 48. By means of an improved code card that can be coded for manual sorting alphabetically for name and numerically for field of concentration, a count is made much more readily than was possible in former years.

#### CONCENTRATION CHOICES

The number of resident students concentrating in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts in the different fields, second semester, 1938-39, is shown below. A student is considered of junior rank if he has 23 or fewer hours on his degree program.

FIELD OF CONCENTRATION	JUNIORS	SENIORS	TOTAL
Economics	105	172	277
History	83	117	200
English	61	81	142
Zoology	69	67	136
Political Science	67	63	130
Chemistry	46 ·	51	97
Speech	43	35	78
Sociology	39	34	73
Psychology	33	38	71
Science and Mathematics	21	46	67
French	2 <b>7</b>	38	65
Letters and Business Administration	36	28	64
Journalism	27	28	55
Letters and Medicine	19	27	46
Mathematics	20	26	46
Library Science		44	44
Social Work	19	23	42
Geography		22	41
Letters and Law	7	31	38
Social Studies	-	14	25
Spanish	5	19	24
Geology	11	11	22
German		15	21
Fine Arts	7	14	21
Latin	7	9	16
Physics		8	14
Philosophy	-	2	10
Letters, Business Administration, and Law	4	4	8
Anthropology	5	2	7
Botany	3	3	6
Oriental Civilization	1	4	5
Letters and Nursing	2	2	4
Landscape Design	2	1	3
Religion and Ethics	2	1	3
General Linguistics	-	2	2
History Honors	2	=	2
Music		2	2
American Culture	1	_	1
Astronomy	1	• •	_
Letters and Dentistry	1	• •	1
Mineralogy	1	••	1
Not Reported	58	•;	1 59
	30	.1	.39
Total	885	1,085	1,970

In case a student wishes to change his field of concentration, he is issued a new set of triplicate forms and a new blueprint, and as soon as the original form is returned the check card is coded for the new field. In every case the student's field of concentration is posted to his permanent record.

As soon as the student has been accepted by the field of his choice, his record is checked to determine the amount of credit in excess of 60 hours that may be transferred to the degree program. This procedure has been changed in only one respect within the current year. All concentrates on the new grading system must have a C average on all work elected, and must have passed 60 hours of work to be eligible for concentration. The same rules are in use for the division of hours and the accompanying honor points between the two programs.

In September, 1938, there were 1,761 students in the Literary College on the degree program, an increase of 50 over the first semester of the preceding year. In February, 1939, 209 were admitted to the various fields of concentration. The table on page 198 shows the fields chosen by eligible students in the second semester, 1938–39.

Senior work.—Candidates for degrees in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, School of Education, School of Forestry and Conservation, and School of Music were sent to the Board of Regents for recommendation in February, June, September, and October.

Following the procedure of the year 1937-38, the Statistical Division of the Registrar's Office furnished grades of Literary seniors from the examination reports turned in by instructors. An official transcript was prepared for each graduating senior registered in the units whose records are on file in this office. These were distributed with the diplomas on Saturday evening in the Intramural Building after the Commencement exercises.

The following tabulation gives the distribution of degrees granted by the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts from July 1, 1938, to June 30, 1939, inclusive, by fields of concentration and sex:

Subject	Men	Women	Subject	Men	Women
American Culture		1	Philosophy	. 2	
Anthropology		1	Physics	. 10	1
Botany		1	Political Science	. 58	8
Chemistry	. 35	6	Pre-Business	. 20	2
Economics	. 151	6	Pre-Forestry	. 1	
English	. 29	47	Pre-Law	. 28	2
Fine Arts		12	Pre-Medicine	. 18	2
French	. 2	35	Pre-Nursing		1
Geography	. 11	12	Psychology	. 9	22
Geology	. 10	1	Religion and Ethics	. 1	
General Linguistics		1	Science and Mathematics .	. 33	5
German	. 3	4	Social Studies	. 4	10
History	. 66	40	Social Work	. 1	18
Journalism	. 11	14	Sociology	. 10	32
Landscape Design	. 1		Spanish	. 4	14
Latin	. 1	8	Speech	. 15	20
Library Science	. 14	17	Zoology	. 43	15
Mathematics	. 14	9	Old Plan	. 10	- 3
Music	. 1	• •			
Oriental Civilization	. 1	5	Total	. 617	375

#### Degrees granted by the School of Education for the same period:

	Men	Women
Bachelor of Science in Edu	cation 17	26
Bachelor of Arts in Educati	ion 17	51
	· — .	-
	34	77

Degrees granted by the School of Forestry and Conservation for the same period:

Bachelor of Science in Forestry	
	<del></del>
Master of Forestry	
Master of Forestry (Wood Technology)	1
•	21
Total	

91

Degrees granted by the School of Music for the same period:

Bachelor of Music	Master of Music		
Piano 6	Piano	6	
Voice 1	Voice	4	
Harp 2	Violin	2	
Organ 1	Violoncello	1	
Theory 2	Organ	5	
Music Literature 2	Theory	6	
Public School Music 27	Composition	2	
<del>-</del>	Musicology	5	
Undergraduate Total	41 Public School Music	24	
	Graduate Total		55
	Grand Total		96

Honor societies.—Associate Professor Roy S. Swinton, Secretary of Phi Kappa Phi, national honorary senior society, in October, 1938, sent an assistant to this office to select those who met specified requirements for election to Phi Kappa Phi. Those chosen were in the highest 10 per cent of the students expecting to be graduated in February and June. A blueprint of each student thus chosen was provided the Secretary of the society. From this group 3 per cent were chosen for fall election. Associate Professor Swinton's representative returned at the close of the first semester when the grades had been recorded, to bring his records to date so that tentative candidates for spring election might be made. At this time the highest 10 per cent of those in the February, June, and August graduating classes was selected. The society then chose 7 per cent from this group for election.

In March, Dr. Hazel Losh, Assistant Professor of Astronomy, who has been appointed as Secretary to Phi Beta Kappa, succeeding the late Dr. Orma F. Butler, Assistant Professor of Latin, sent a representative to the Registrar's Office to compile a list of those in the February, June, and August

<sup>\*</sup> Degree granted to a woman for the first time.

graduating classes meeting established requirements and of juniors meeting designated qualifications for election to Phi Beta Kappa as juniors. From these lists candidates for spring election to Phi Beta Kappa were chosen by the Committee on Elections

A representative from Alpha Lambda Delta and from Phi Eta Sigma, national honorary freshman societies, used the records in this office to compile lists of those eligible to election to the societies.

Freshman, sophomore, junior, and senior Honors Convocation lists for all units whose records are on file in this office were prepared by members of the staff.

Extension Service records.—The Extension Service reports that 3,159 students enrolled in credit courses during the year 1938–39; the Correspondence Study Department had an enrollment of 120. Permanent records have been made for all these students, showing the courses elected, descriptive titles, hours of credit, and grades received. The Correspondence Department made up the permanent records for students who enrolled for noncredit courses. However, these records were sent to this office for filing and are kept here as a matter of record, primarily for future reference.

Grades for all extension courses, with the exception of one section, were received by July 1. We believe this is the first year this has been accomplished, and we should like to express our appreciation for this co-operation.

Last year a list of descriptive titles was compiled for all extension courses. This list has proven very helpful in bringing up to date all the old extension records.

Counter work.—Counter work for the year 1938-39 consisted of answering inquiries concerning the following items: issuing of registration material; change of elections; trouble cards; concentration slips; petitions to Administrative Board; fees and indebtedness; requests for transcripts; supplementary slips for make-up grades; change of address slips; requests for announcements; information pertaining to records; answering telephone; dispensing information of a general nature. In September, 1938, after the rush of registration, one typical day at the counter resulted in a total of 490 personal calls, in addition to telephone calls, for information of one sort or another covering the items listed. The above duties have been described in detail in previous Reports of the Registrar.

Transcripts.—The table below shows the number of statements and official transcripts bearing seal and signature issued, and the amount of transcript fees received each month for the year beginning July 1, 1938, and ending June 30, 1939:

	TRAN-	AMOUNT		TRAN-	AMOUNT		TRAN-	AMOUNT
MONTH	SCRIPTS	RECEIVED	HTNCM	SCRIPTS	RECEIVED	MONTH	SCRIPTS .	RECEIVED
July	1,003	\$110	Nov.	520	\$ 73	Mar.	1,202	\$181
Aug.	830	118	Dec.	506	163	Apr.	713	102
Sept.	1,034	241	Jan.	647	187	May	544	131
Oct.	655	89	Feb.	1,496	328	June	1,318	136

Official transcripts were, in addition, presented to all graduating seniors, as has been the custom in the last few years. These complimentary transcripts were not included in the above figures. It is interesting to note that 2,229 official transcripts were sent to the various Schools and Colleges on the campus. This number, of course, does not include the blueprints sent to the College of Architecture and to the Schools of Education, Forestry, and Music at the end of each semester, nor the blueprints sent to the advisers.

At the request of the committee appointed by the President, the records of students who have graduated, previously kept on linen tracing cloth, have been photostated. By this process any transcripts sent off the campus may have the disciplinary action eliminated. This practice was inaugurated in June of this year and explains the increased amount of photostats issued for that period compared with the previous months. No doubt this will continue to be the case from year to year.

Assignment of rooms.—The Registrar's Office keeps a record of class-rooms in several buildings on the campus, namely: Angell Hall, Mason Hall, University Hall, South Wing, Haven Hall, Economics Building, Romance Language Building, Natural Science Building, and West Physics Building. All decisions regarding allocation of space are made by the Office of the Dean of the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts.

The procedure of maintaining this record has continued in the same manner as in former years and has been explained in detail in previous Registrar's reports.

#### STATISTICAL DIVISION

Three new projects were undertaken by the Statistical Division during the year 1938-39, as follows:

- 1. In the summer of 1938, for the first time, grade-report blanks were printed and grades were reported to the Records Division for the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts and the School of Education, through the use of tabulating machines. This was continued in February and June for the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts.
- 2. From the tabulating cards, grades were posted to records in the office of the Dean of Students and of the Dean of Women.
- 3. An analysis of the type of student taking work offered by the Extension Service was made.

In addition to these three new projects, the reports on enrollment, withdrawals, degrees and certificates, faculty, honors, and scholarship were made as in former years. Comments on the work completed during the year will be found in the following paragraphs.

Course reports and grade posting.—Early in the summer of 1938, a plan to use the tabulating cards and mechanical equipment for printing grade-report blanks and assembling and reporting grades was inaugurated. The faculty were asked to participate in the new undertaking by supplying lists of students enrolled in their classes. They were assured that, in return for this co-operation, a complete class roll on an examination-report blank would

TOTAL DISTRIBUTION OF TRANSCRIPTS
July, 1938—July, 1939

		JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	TOTALS
Prints		403	471	611	278	281	272	336	876	856	381	209	384	5,358
Photos		239	150	254	221	118	123	168	231	176	154	194	484	2,512
Ext., S.	. S	229	97	5	- 15	4	1	24	246	34	50	12	251	968
Old Ty	ped	43	33	44	56	29	47	33	38	34	24	38	40	459
State		89	79	120	85	88	63	86	105	102	104	91	159	1,171
Total		1,003	830	1,034	655	520	506	647	1,496	1,202	713	544	1,318	10,468
Notices		276	283	401	204	129	144	199	258	221	157	223	278	2,773
Refers		89	92	133	114	106	73	75	103	128	110	105	98	1,226
Receipts	3	\$110	\$118	\$241	\$ 89	\$ 73	\$163	\$187	\$328	\$181	\$102	\$131	\$136	\$1,859

be furnished for their use in reporting grades at the close of the summer. The response from the faculty was most gratifying. The preparation of tabulating cards was begun early, and grade-report blanks were distributed well in advance of the examination period as planned.

As grade reports were returned cards were punched, checked, and sorted mechanically into alphabetical lists which grouped together all of the courses and grades for each student. This simplified and advanced the posting so that cases of scholastically delinquent students were referred to the disciplinary committee at an earlier date than had been possible previously.

The same procedure was followed for grade reports at the close of the first and second semesters for the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts. In February, the use of the tabulating cards was extended to include mechanical posting of grades to a report card for each student.

After one year of experience with the new method of punching grades upon the tabulating cards, several advantages over the old system are apparent. Preparation of the cards may be undertaken early in the year before the final rush of the semester, taking some of the load away from the peak period and making it possible at the close of the semester to release delinquent records to the disciplinary committee and satisfactory records to the student at an early date.

Another advantage of the new system lies in the fact that grade cards once punched and checked may be used for making numerous reports. From the same grade cards used to make the lists for reporting to the Records Division, reports of grades earned by freshmen were sent to the counselors and a summary of grades earned by freshmen, according to the high schools from which they were admitted, was sent to the Admissions Division for distribution among the principals of the various high schools sending students to the University. The same tabulating cards were used for making a summary of hours of "A," "B," etc., earned by all freshmen in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts. From these cards, alphabetical lists of athletes showing courses elected and grades earned were printed by this office. Before the tabulating-card system was inaugurated, a representative from the Athletic Association was sent to the Records Division and grades were copied.

A great deal of duplication of work between various offices of the University is eliminated by printing several reports from the same set of grade cards. It should be pointed out, however, that the present decentralized system of recording and the lack of uniformity of reporting grades for the various Schools and Colleges of the University make the extension of this system beyond the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts seem impracticable at this time. It is hoped that, at some time not too far distant, the use of the tabulating-machine grade cards may be successfully extended to other units, so that grade reports involving the entire University may be distributed to those interested as readily as it is now possible to do for those students in the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts.

Grade reports for the Dean of Students and the Dean of Women.—Prior to 1938-39, the Office of the Dean of Students, the Office of the Dean of Women, and the Registrar's Office each sent representatives to the recording

divisions of each of the Schools and Colleges of the University to post graces to record cards for use in their respective offices. For some time this has appeared to be a needless duplication of effort but, since each office apparently had good and sufficient reasons for wanting certain information collected and recorded which was not common to all record cards, no satisfactory solution of the problem had been reached.

With the new tabulating-card method of recording grades for the College of Literature, Science, and the Arts, which comprises more than one-third of the entire group of grades gathered, it seemed the proper time to try to come to some agreement concerning a single collection of all grades for the three offices. It was agreed that the Statistical Division of the Registrar's Office should be responsible for the collection and posting of grades to the record cards in the other two offices as well as in its own.

Because of numerous changes of grades, incompletes reported at a late date, and scholastic disciplinary actions not being reported sufficiently early, there was greater delay in the posting to the record cards than had been believed to be necessary before trying out our plan. Accordingly, for the second semester, the procedure of collecting grades only once for the three offices was continued, but alphabetical lists of students showing grades earned were sent to the two co-operating offices, instead of posting the grades directly to their record cards.

For the present, it seems advisable to continue the plan followed the second semester. Because the records are so widely separated, the systems of recording grades and reporting faculty action are not uniform, and the Statistical Division is so far removed from the sources of information, what would seem to be a simple process becomes a more or less complicated one. Preparation of the grade lists for the two offices will be continued, thereby eliminating some duplication, and it is hoped that the posting directly to the record cards may be resumed to the satisfaction of all concerned in the future.

Extension Service student analysis.—For some time, Dr. Fisher, Director of the University Extension Service, and Mr. Soop, Field Secretary, have been interested in having more information concerning the type of student engaged in University extension work. For the year 1938–39, therefore, an analysis of enrollments according to age, sex, residence, elections, and amount of previous education was undertaken. Students enrolled for either credit or noncredit classroom work were analyzed in one group and those participating in correspondence courses offered by the University co-operating with the Michigan WPA were considered in a separate group.

Of the 2,871 students enrolled in classroom credit courses, the following may be said. They were, on the average, about 35 years of age, with half of the group being older than 33 and half younger. Sixty-six per cent were women. Of the 2,664 who gave some information concerning their educational background, 1,394 (52%) had one or more college degrees; 188 (7%) attended college but did not receive a degree; 998 (37%) were graduates of a high school but had no formal education beyond that; 84 (3%) had not completed high school. Nearly 35% (992) of this group lived in Wayne or Washtenaw County.

The 2,591 students enrolled in classroom noncredit courses were a slightly younger group with a much more limited educational background. The average age of these students was 34 and the median age 32. Only 2,110 indicated the extent of their previous educational training. Of these 718 (34%) possessed one or more college degrees; 194 (9%) attended college but earned no degree; 953 (45%) graduated from high school; 245 (12%) did not graduate from high school. Of the group, 75 per cent were women and 64 per cent were from the two counties of Washtenaw and Wayne.

The difference in average age between the credit and noncredit groups is not great, but the variation in the amount of education is significant. Eighteen per cent more in the credit group than in the noncredit class had one or more college degrees.

Students enrolled in correspondence credit courses under the Michigan WPA plan are a somewhat younger group than those taking classroom work. Only those correspondence students who enrolled for work between July 1, 1938, and July 1, 1939, were considered in the study. The 927 enrolled in courses for which credit may be granted averaged only 24 years of age, with the median age 20. Of those in this group who indicated the amount of previous education (678), none held any college degrees. Ninety-six per cent were graduates of high schools and 4 per cent were not.

In the noncredit correspondence group of 565, the average age was 34 and the median age 32, the same as that for the noncredit classroom group. Six per cent of this group held one or more college degrees; 2 per cent had attended college but had not earned a degree; 90 per cent were high-school graduates; 6 per cent were not high-school graduates.

Extension courses are interesting students of various ages and different degrees of formal education. Interest this year was divided almost evenly between credit and noncredit courses, except in the case of the correspondence students where enrollments were about 3 to 2 in favor of credit registrations.

Enrollment.—Campus registrations continue to increase, with 4.8 per cent more students enrolled on November 1, 1938, than had ever before been in attendance on a corresponding date. Comparative enrollment figures as of November 1, 1938, and November 1, 1937, follow:

NOVEMBER 1 CREDIT ENROLLMENT

		1938		1	1937		GAIN	
GROUP	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Amount	%
Regular Session	8,150 3,642	3,325 2,129	11,475 5,771	7,754 3,110	3,198 2,000	10,952 5,110	523 661	4.8 12.9
Net Total, Regular and Summer Extension Service:	10,347	4,985	15,332	9,626	4,812	14,438	894	6.2
Class	567 243	1,204 144	1,771 387	573 170	1,203 163	1,776 333	5 54	3 16.2
Total Extension Credit	810	1,348	2,158	743	1,366	2,109	49	2.3
Net Total, Credit Enrollment	11,061	6,236	17,297	10,308	6,118	16,426	871	5.3

anown	1938				1937	GAIN		
GROUP	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Amount	%
Extension Service: Class Correspondence WPA-College WPA-High School,	382 36	615 18	997 54	170 24 184 140	281 27 190 2	451 51 374 142	546	121.1

Increased federal aid and improved economic conditions were probably largely responsible for the advance in enrollment.

Dr. Raymond Walters, President of the University of Cincinnati, has recently assembled and interpreted for a nine-year period the statistics of registration in American universities and colleges, which he gathers each year on November 1. It is interesting to compare that portion of his report which deals with enrollments for 46 universities under public control with our experience at the University of Michigan during the same period.

COMPARISON OF MICHIGAN ENROLLMENT, AS OF NOVEMBER 1, WITH ENROLLMENTS FOR 46 UNIVERSITIES UNDER PUBLIC CONTROL

YEAR,	_ F	REGULAR 'ULL-TIME E		T	NET TOTAL, REGULAR SESSION AND SUMMER ENROLLMENT				
NOV. 1	UNIV. O	UNIV. OF MICH. 46 UNIVERSITIES		UNIV. O	F MICH.	46 UNIVERSITIES			
	Students	Per Cent Change	Students	Per Cent Change	Students	Per Cent Change	Students	Per Cent Change	
1930	9,431		188,681		11,756		285,696		
931	9,165	2.8	188,604	04	11,936	1.5	282,928	1.0	
32	8,523	7.0	180,302	-4.4	10,892	8.7	275,870	2.5	
33	8,261	3.1	172,417	4.4	10,113	<b>—7.2</b>	241,940	-12.3	
934	9,005	9.0	188,377	9.3	11,138	10.1	270,811	11.9	
935	9,850	9.4	204,128	8.4	12,609	13.2	289,107	6.8	
1936	10,646	8.1	221,844	8.7	13,661	8.3	314,942	8.9	
1937	10,952	2.9	231,544	4.4	14,438	5.7	328,665	4.4	
1938	11,475	4.8	247,620	6.9	15,332	6.2	354,854	8.0	

For the Regular Session enrollment, beginning with the year 1931, both the University of Michigan and the combined 46 universities show losses for a three-year period—the experience for the University being less favorable than that for the general group for the years 1931 and 1932 and showing a slightly smaller decrease for the year 1933 than the general group. For the Regular Session and Summer Session, the University showed a gain in 1931 and smaller losses than the group as a whole for the years 1932 and 1933.

Beginning with the year 1934, enrollments show a steady and very perceptible gain. Federal aid for needy students in the universities and colleges throughout the country was offered for the first time in 1934 and no doubt played a big part in the increase in enrollment. Some idea of the effect of the National Youth Administration aid upon the enrollment for the past year may be gained from the following statement, which appears in Dr. Walters' report on enrollments in universities and colleges throughout the United States:

In considering the increase of 6.6% in the enrollment of full-time students for 1938 over 1937, it is pertinent to know that National Youth Administration payments

of an average of \$15 monthly for work performed at the institution by undergraduate students and an average of \$30 monthly for work by graduate students are based this year upon a figure equal to 9.3% of the total number of resident undergraduate and graduate students enrolled in the institution "carrying" at least three-fourths of a normal schedule. Last year the percentage was 8 per cent; in 1936 it was 12 per cent.

As in former years the gains shown on November 1 were a reliable indication of the increases for the year. The Regular Session reached a total enrollment of 12,434, a gain of 5.6 per cent. The number of Extension students enrolled in credit courses decreased 259, or 6.4 per cent, with an enrollment of 3,790. The noncredit class and correspondence Extension enrollment increased from 1,262 in 1937–38 to 3,138, or almost two and one-half times the number, in 1938–39. The grand total credit enrollment in the Regular Session, 1938 Summer Session, and the Extension Service was 19,591, the largest in the history of the University. This is an increase of 740, or 3.9 per cent, over the registrations for the previous year.

The University continues to attract students from every state in the Union and from many countries outside continental United States. Czechoslovakia, the East Indies, Hungary, Indo-China, the Madeira Islands, the Netherlands, South Africa, and Venezuela were not represented in 1937–38 but sent students to us for the year 1938–39. Students from Scotland and Sumatra, here in 1937–38, failed to return.

What lies ahead for the University in regard to enrollment is difficult to predict, with a European crisis imminent and with the policy of the United States in the event of a European war unknown. We are not able to foretell what changes will take place in our social and economic status; variations in educational procedure will be experienced; much has been written concerning the decrease in population and the consequent diminishing of the group from which university enrollments are drawn. It is probably safe to assume that the university under public control will be the attendance leader for some time. Of 817,000 full-time students in 569 institutions in 1938, more than one-third were in 55 public universities. Of the institutions offering higher educational training the university under public control has become the outstanding leader in regard to registrations.

For further figures showing enrollments according to division, sex, geographical location, and session, see the following pages:

#### STUDENT STATISTICS

TABLE I
ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES
REGULAR SESSION RESIDENT STUDENTS

******	1938-	-39 ENROLL	MENT	GAIN OR LOSS	FROM 1937-3
SCHOOL OR COLLEGE -	Men	Women	Total	Number	Per Cent
, S., and A	2,830	1,804	4,634	—176	3.7
Engineering	2,146	7	2,153	199	10.2
Medical	436	44	480	—11	2.2
aw	599	13	612	67	12.3
Pharmacy	61	18	79	2	2.6
Dentistry	153	19	172	12	7.5
Architecture	204	144	348	4	-1.1
Education	138	358	496	76	18.1
Business Administration	165	11	176	27	18.1
Forestry and Conservation	185	1	186	9	5.1
Vursing	0	214	214	24	12.6
Music	136	141	277	19	7.4
Graduate	1,891	982	2,873	406	16.5
Gross Total	8,944	3,756	12,700		
and Colleges	213	53	266		
Net Total	8,731	3,703	12,434	657	5.6

#### 1938 SUMMER SESSION STUDENTS

SCHOOL OR COLLEGE -	193	8 ENROLLME	NT	GAIN OR LOSS FROM 1937-3		
SCHOOL OR COLLEGE —	Men	Women	Total	Number	Per Cent	
, S., and A	474	297	771	91	13.4	
Engineering	454	1	455	116	34.2	
Medical	211	16	227	6	2.7	
aw	169	, 6	175	8	4.8	
harmacy	12	3	15	<u>—</u> 7	31.8	
Dentistry	0	0	0	0	0.0	
Architecture	40	16	56	11	24.4	
Education	79	288	367	105	22.2	
Business Administration	32	4	36	<u>—1</u>	2.7	
Forestry and Conservation	71	0	71	4	5.3	
Vursing	0	0	0	0	0.0	
Music	162	104	266	31	13.2	
Graduate	1,946	1,397	3,343	514	18.2	
Gross TotalDuplicates between Schools	3,650	2,132	5,782		•	
and Colleges	8	3	11			
Net Total	3,642	2,129	5,771	661	12.9	

### EXTENSION SERVICE STUDENTS

	1938-	-39 ENROLLM	ENT	GAIN OR LOSS FROM 1937-3		
SCHOOL OR COLLEGE	Men	Women	Total	Number	Per Cent	
L., S., and A. Engineering Architecture. Education. Business Administration. Music.	902 283 18 414 0	1,015 3 5 1,124 0 79	1,917 286 23 1,538 0 91	169 13 411723 46	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8.1 \\       4.8 \\       21.1 \\       -7.1 \\       -100.0 \\       102.2     \end{array} $	
Gross TotalDuplicates between Schools and Colleges	1,629	2,226	3,855 65			
Net Total	1,588	2,202	3,790	—259	6.4	

The following number of students, included above, were enrolled in correspondence Extension credit courses offered by the University co-operating with the Michigan Works Progress Administration. These figures represent only those students who enrolled between July 1, 1938, and July 1, 1939:

Credit	Men	Women	Total
L., S., and A Engineering		311 0	851 99
Net Total	616	311	927

The following were enrolled in noncredit courses and, with the exception of 27 men and 46 women who were enrolled in both credit and noncredit Extension courses, have not been counted in the above total:

Noncredit	Men	Women	Total
Class (Regular)		1,887 50	2,505 86
Total		1,937 259 2	2,591 552 13
Total	304	261	565
correspondence	958	2,198	3,156

TABLE III

ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES OF RESIDENT REGULAR SESSION STUDENTS
AND 1938 SUMMER SESSION STUDENTS\*

	1938-	-39 ENROLL	MENT	GAIN OR LOSS	FROM 1937-3
SCHOOL OR COLLEGE -	Men	Women	Total	Number	Per Cent
L., S., and A	3,017	1,921	4,938	-130	-2.6
Engineering	2,251	. 7	2,258	227	11.2
Medical	573	54	627	<b>—</b> 7	-1.1
Law	664	18	682	66	10.7
Pharmacy	64	18	82	2	-2.4
Dentistry	153	19	172	12	7.5
Architecture	. 214	148	362	— <u>2</u>	5
Education	203	586	789	<b>—50</b>	-6.0
Business Administration	179	14	193	26	15.6
Forestry and Conservation	189	1	190	1 4	2.2
Nursing	0	214	214	24	12.6
Music	275	226	501	40	8.7
Graduate	3,330	2,143	5,473	780	16.6
Gross Total	11,112	5,369	16,481		
and Colleges	296	70	366	1	
Net Total	10,816	5,299	16,115	970	6.4

<sup>\*</sup> Duplicates within each School or College between sessions have been deducted.

TABLE IV

ENROLLMENT BY SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES OF ALL STUDENTS—RESIDENT AND NONRESIDENT, REGULAR SESSION STUDENTS, AND 1938

SUMMER SESSION STUDENTS\*

Sevent on sevenen	1938-	-39 ENROLL	MENT	GAIN OR LOSS FROM 1937-					
SCHOOL OR COLLEGE -	Men	Women	Total	Number	Per Cent				
, S., and A	3,911	2,925	6,836	299	-4.2				
Engineering	2,532	´ 10	2,542	242	10.5				
Medical	573	54	627	<u>7</u>	-1.1				
aw	664	18	682	66	10.7				
harmacy	64	18	82	2	-2.4				
Dentistry	153	19	172	12	7.5				
Architecture	232	153	385	2	.5				
Education	617	1,687	2,304	<del>-161</del>	6.5				
Business Administration	179	14	193	3	1.6				
orestry and Conservation	189	1	190	1 4	2.2				
Vursing	0	214	214	24	12.6				
Music	285	305	590	97	19.7				
Graduate	3,330	2,143	5,473	780	16.6				
Gross Total	12,729	7,561	20,290						
and Colleges	491	208	699						
Net Total	12,238	7,353	19,591	740	3.9				

<sup>\*</sup> Duplicates within each School or College between sessions have been deducted. The only Extension students included in this tabulation are those enrolled in courses for which credit may be given. Although the Extension Service students do not enroll in the Schools or Colleges, they have been grouped according to the division of the University from which instructors offering courses have been drawn.

TABLE V ENROLLMENT FROM 1843 TO 1939

YEAR	TOTAL	YEAR	TOTAL
843-44	53	1892-93	2,778
844-45	53	1893-94	2,659
845-46	70	1894–95	2,864
846-47	67	1895-96	3,014
847-48	89	1896-97	2,975
848–49	77	1897–98	3,223
849-50		1898-99	3,192
850-51	159	1899-1900	3,441
851-52	216	1900-01	3,712
852-53		1901-02	
853-54		1902-03	
854-55		1903-04	
85556		1904-05	
856-57		1905-06	
857–58		1906-07	
858-59		1907–08	
859-60		1908-09	
860–61		1909–10	•
861–62		1910–11	•
862-63		1911–12	•
863-64		1912–13	
864–65		1913–14	•
865–66		1914–15	
866–67	•	1915–16	,
867–68		1916–17	
868–69	•	1917–18	
869–70	•	1918–19 (Not includi	
870–71		Sec. B., S.A.T.C.)	
871–72		1919–20	
872–73		1920-21	
873–74		1921–22	
874-75		1922-23	
875–76		1923–24	
876-77		1924–25	
877–78		1925–26	
878 <del>-</del> 79	· .	1926-27	
879-80		1927–28	
880-81		1928–29	
	•		
881-82	•	1929–30	
882-83		1930–31	
883-84		1931-32	
884-85		1932-33	
885-86		1933–34	
886-87		1934–35	
887-88	•	1935–36	
888-89		1936–37	18,04
889-90		1937–38	18,85
890-91		1938–39	19,59
891–92	2,692		

NOTE.—This table includes Regular Session students, Summer Session students, and those taking Extension courses for which credit may be given.

\* Including students enrolled in correspondence Extension credit courses:

1935–36	 360
1936-37	 1.051
1937-38	 906
1938-39	 927

TABLE VI
MICHIGAN STUDENTS BY COUNTIES

				HIGAN HI			AN	NA NA
counties in <b>Michi</b> gan		scноог	of Sc	mber shools 7–38	Gradi 1937		ог місніс 1938–39	7 OF MICHIGAN 1938–39*
	POPULATION 1930 CENSUS	PUBLIC HIGH-SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, 1937-38	Public	Non-Public	Public	Non-Public	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN FRESHMEN, 1938–39	UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, 1
Alcona	4,989 9,327 38,974 18,574 9,979	168 553 1,633 707 504	1 4 8 1 6	0 0 0 2 0	18 90 325 128 90	0 0 0 33 0	0 3 4 1 0	7 23 68 30 14
ArenacBaragaBarryBayBayBenzie.	8,007 9,168 20,928 69,474 6,587	429 525 1,170 2,562 417	2 2 6 2 3	0 1 0 4 0	66 82 247 448 67	0 11 0 89 0	0 0 2 6 1	13 23 51 168 8
Berrien	81,066 23,950 87,043 20,888 11,981	4,513 1,040 4,288 923 834	15 4 7 4 4	3 0 1 0	843 191 829 165 167	56 0 21 0 0	16 7 14 2 5	118 67 471 43 21
CheboyganChippewaClareClintonCrawford	11,502 25,047 7,032 24,174 3,097	554 1,221 312 944 170	2 5 3 5	0 1 0 0	79 208 79 171 22	0 15 0 0	0 8 0 0	27 69 15 26 14
Delta Dickinson Eaton Emmet Genesee	32,280 29,941 31,728 15,109 211,641	1,568 2,194 1,797 738 12,065	4 7 8 3 15	1 0 0 0 3	321 447 334 124 2,094	26 0 0 0 108	5 12 1 5 30	34 102 117 29 470
Gladwin	7,424 31,577 20,011 30,252 27,417	497 2,282 923 1,715 1,391	2 5 2 7 10	0 1 1 0 .	72 517 160 316 289	0 27 20 0 0	0 8 5 0 6	11 97 54 35 69
Houghton Huron Ingham Ionia Iosco	52,851 31,132 116,587 35,093 7,517	2,831 1,341 6,525 1,551 495	8 11 13 6 4	1 0 1 1	534 305 1,361 291 87	39 0 56 23 14	1 2 17 4 1	63 42 269 63 14
Iron Isabella Jackson Kalamazoo. Kalkaska	20,805 21,126 92,304 91,368 3,799	1,423 821 4,043 4,306 192	5 4 11 10 1	0 1 2 3 0	285 144 778 794 28	. 27 77 137 0	3 0 7 8 0	78 25 234 225 6

<sup>\*</sup> Including Regular Session, Extension, and 1938 Summer Session.

	1	1 1						<del></del>
		_			GH SCHOO		A.N	AN
COUNTIES IN MICHIGAN		sсноог г, 193738	of Sc	nber hools 7–38	Gradi 1937		ов міснів 1938—39	OF MICHIG 938-39*
	POPULATION 1930 CENSUS	PUBLIC HIGH-SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, 1937-38	Public	Non-Public	Public	Non-Public	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN FRESHMEN, 1938-39	UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN STUDENTS, 1938-39*
Kent	240,511 5,076 4,066 28,348 8,206	9,838 0 180 1,325 394	20 0 2 6 2	5 0 0 0	2,067 0 25 227 37	372 0 0 0 0	18 0 0 4 0	642 9 17 48 17
LenaweeLivingstonLuceMackinacMacomb	49,849 19,274 6,528 8,783 77,146	2,622 994 289 304 4,234	12 5 1 2 14	4 0 0 0 1	561 210 41 60 607	54 0 0 0 39	8 4 0 0 16	103 44 11 9 145
Manistee	17,409 44,076 18,756 15,738 23,652	948 2,066 961 935 1,265	7 9 3 5 3	0 3 1 1 0	191 434 190 190 190	100 14 17 0	3 6 2 0 3	37 97 52 19 45
Midland	19,150 6,992 52,485 27,471 2,814	1,220 347 1,897 1,557 222	2 2 6 11 1	0 0 1 1 0	221 50 305 325 26	0 0 55 12 0	2 0 13 6 0	47 8 113 36 1
Muskegon Newaygo Oakland Oceana Ogemaw	84,630 17,029 211,251 13,805 6,595	4,105 899 12,282 641 356	6 4 23 5 2	3 0 7 0	704 154 2,211 153 42	57 0 266 0	7 1 57 0 0	175 20 786 29 8
OntonagonOsceolaOscodaOtsegoOttawa	11,114 12,806 1,728 5,554 54,858	598 788 152 221 2,625	6 4 2 2 6	0 0 0 1 1	125 134 29 18 482	0 0 0 13 40	0 0 0 1 5	20 10 6 11 114
Presque Isle	11,330 2,055 120,717 67,563 30,618	,508 167 5,260 2,978 1,561	2 2 5 10 8	0 0 5 2 0	109 30 539 1,029 348	0 0 144 67 0	2 0 21 3 5	10 10 407 117 73
SanilacSchoolcraftShiawasseeTuscolaVan Buren	27,751 8,451 39,517 32,934 32,637	1,344 453 2,062 1,655 1,889	8 2 7 10 11	0 0 1 0	285 94 358 309 416	0 0 27 0 0	1 0 8 4 7	45 18 106 54 90
Washtenaw Wayne Wexford	65,530 . 1,888,946 16,827	3,135 80,889 1,052	8 40 4	3 42 0	627 13,237 217	139 1,813 0	163 249 2	1,752 3,387 13
Total	4,842,325	229,383	511	111	41,203	4,018	805	12,074

<sup>\*</sup> Including Regular Session, Extension, and 1938 Summer Session.

TABLE VII
1938-1939 Enrollment by States

				R	E G U	LA	R	SES	SIC	N							
STATES*	L., S., & A.	Engineering	Medicine	Law	Pharmacy	Dentistry	Architecture	Education	Business Ad.	For. & Con.	Nursing	Music	Graduate	Net Total Regular Session	1938 Summer Session	Extension Service	Net Total Entire University
Alabama. Arizona. Arkansas. California Colorado.	7 4  9 8	3 2 1 7 4	1 1 2 1	·· ·· 5 4	  1 2		1 3 5	   3	2   1	:: 1 1 2	:: :: :i	1  2 4	9 4 2 21 9	21 11 5 52 39	34 9 14 28 21	::	51 19 19 73 52
Connecticut. Delaware. Dist. of Columbia. Florida. Georgia.	42 1 13 12 2	25 2 10 11 1		5 1 1 1 1	5  1	5		 1  2	 3 	3 1 2 	i i	2  2 1	16 1 5 9	106 6 36 34 18	40 4 19 40 33	1 :: 1 	135 8 48 69 49
Idaho	1 262 115 17 6	3 131 24 7 2	2 7 4 	1 66 27 9 10	 2 	`i 	14 16 1	38 21 9	8 6 2 1	17 4 ···	3 7 1	2 13 23 5 2	. 3 54 30 15 11	12 608 273 65 37	2 295 156 54 61	20 9 6 2	14 830 390 108 94
Kentucky	10  8 14 76	3 11 21	1 1 1 1 4	4 ··· 2 ··· 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 i 	3  1 2	  io	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	  2 5	  	2 1 1 7	17 9 3 2 25	38 12 19 34 159	53 26 4 14 44	2 1 	85 34 21 47 184

Michigan (1)	2,572 17 3 33 1	1,017 2 1 14 3	375 2  3	272 6 1 6	38   2	120	194 1  3	247  12 3	90 1 	53 1 1 3	165  1	122 5  5	1,924 13 6 29 9	7,044 48 12 106 21	3,041 39 9 107 11	3,554 7  1	12,074 87 20 202 29
Nebraska. Nevada. New Hampshire. New Jersey (7). New Mexico.	9 2 5 125 1	3 1 4 79 2	  .5	4 ·· 1 6 3	:: :i	  6	  6 1	7  6 1	  4	1  1 2 2	::	5 1 3	9 1 2 30 4	37 4 14 262 14	34 1 4 54 11	:: :i 	64 5 18 281 25
New York (2)	645 2 5 308 8	396 2 1 118 5	16 1 26	34 1 4 58 5	12   5	26  	31 1 20 1	41 1 3 57 1	22 11 1	15  24 2	3 ··2 22 1	9 3 19 1	119 12 4 125 6	1,330 23 19 783 31	327 56 11 377 31	4  1 154 	1,495 73 30 1,183 58
Oregon Pennsylvania (5). Rhode Island South Carolina. South Dakota	1 166 2 1 5	75 ·· 1 4	1 3 1 	33 2 ··	· 4 · · · · · ·	i ::	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ; 7 · ; 1 1	  	1 2 1 3 2	`i :: ::	ii i i	6 58 2 8 6	15 365 8 15 21	186 1 32 10	 4  1	16 500 8 44 32
Tennessee. Texas. Utah Vermont Virginia.	9 6 11 4	8 7 1 7 10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. i 2	::	::	··· ··· ··· ··· 1	  2	1 1 	2  1 1	 	3 4 1 1 3	5 16 6 2 18	33 33 11 24 41	30 57 13 9 58	1 1 1	58 82 22 32 92
Washington West Virginia Wisconsin (10) Wyoming.	5 15 28 6	3 10 24 1	4 3 1	2 3 9 1	; ;;	3 .: .:	2 2 5	1 4 12 1	1 4 1	1 4 22 	::	2 1 2	5 9 17 2	27 51 120 11	17 61 67 3	  5	42 102 170 13
Total, U.S	4,602	2,072	471	602	78	170	331	495	174	186	211	272	2,707	12,108	5,610	3,777	19,187

<sup>\*</sup> The ten states sending the most students are indicated by figures in parentheses.

TABLE VIII
1938-1939 ENROLLMENT IN COUNTRIES, PROVINCES, ETC., OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

				R	EGU	JLA	. R	SES	SI	0 N							
COUNTRIES, PROVINCES, ETC.	L., S., & A.	Engineering	Medicine	Law	Pharmacy	Dentistry	Architecture	Education	Business Ad.	For. & Con.	Nursing	Music	Graduate	Net Total Regular Session	1938 Summer Session	Extension Service	Net Total Entire University
Alaska	i	i i	::	::	::	::,	::	::	::	::	::	::	2 2 	2 3 1 1	2  i	•••	3 1 1
Canada: Alberta British Columbia. Manitoba Ontario Quebec Saskatchewan	13 1 1	2 1 28 5	::	:: :3 ::		::	  3 1	:: :i ::			:: 'i 'i		2 2 1 12 112	4 3 1 61 7 3	6 2 1 25 8 2	1 12 	8 5 2 87 13 3
Canal Zone. China. Columbia. Czechoslovakia. East Indies. England Fed. Malay St.	2 2 1 1 	14 4 1	 	`i :: ::	::	:: :: :i	3 5 		  		1  	 4  	84   2 1	3 112 9 1 1 3 1	70 3  i	::	5 133 9 1 1 3 1

	•		•															
					•													
	Germany	1	1											1	3	1		1
	Hawaii	3	• •	2	6			1	• •					5	17	5		1
	Hungary	• •	• :				• •							1	1			1
	India	• •	1	• •	• •		• •	••.	• •			• •	• •	4	5	3		1
	Indo-China	• ;	٠;	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1	1	• •		ĺ
	Iraq Italy	1	4	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	••	••	1 3	• ,•		1
	Japan	i	• •	• •	• •		• • •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •		1 6	3		1
	Jupan	•	• • •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• • •	• • •	• •	••	••	••	3	1	3	• •	1
	Korea							1					1		2			1
	Lithuania		1												1			1
	Madeira Islands	• •	1		• •								• •		1			1
	Mexico	1	• •		• •	• •	• •	• :	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	1	2		l
	Netherlands Newfoundland	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	1	• :		1
	Palestine	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	٠,	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1 .	1	• •	1
	Panama	• •		• • •	• • •	• •	• •	-	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1 5	1	• •	1
	Philippine Islands	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	i	• • •	::	::	• • •	::	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	::	• • •	13	17	5		1
														_	l .		•	1
	Siam	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	6	6	3		í
Ü	South Africa	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1	1 !	• •	• •	1
0	Spain Switzerland	i		• •	• •		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• •	• •		1 5	• •	• •	1
	Syria		'i	::		• • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. ::		• • •	• • •	'i	2	• • •		1
•	Transjordania	••	ī				• • •		• • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			l ī	::	•	1
	Turkey		3					• •						12 '	15	6		f
	Venezuela	••	• • •	•:	• •	• •	• • •	• •				• •		1	1	• •		1
	West Indies	1	6	2	• •	1	1	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	5	16	7	• •	1
	Total	32	81	<u> </u>	10			17	1		_	3		166	326	161	13	-
	Total, U.S		2,072	471	602	78	170	331	495	174	186	211	272	2,707	12,108	5,610	3,777	٠.
	•					<u> </u>								<del></del>				19,
	Total Students	4,634	2,153	480	612	79	172	348	496	176	186	214	277	2,873	12,434	5,771	3,790	19.

TABLE IX
CREDIT AND NONCREDIT COURSES, INSTITUTES, AND CONFERENCES
1938-1939 ENROLLMENT

GROUP	PERIOD OF STUDY	Men EN	ROLLMEN Women		Men GRO	OUP TOTA Women	
TOTAL CREDIT ENROLLMENT NONCREDIT COURSES Extension Service: Noncredit Class (Regular Session) Noncredit Class (Summer Session) Noncredit Correspondence (Regular Session) Noncredit Correspondence (Summer Session) Net Totals  Postgraduate Medicine Postgraduate Dentistry Special Students in the School of Music Music Clinic for High-School Boys and Girls Phycics Symposium  Graduate Guests Postgraduate Forestry		618 36 293 111 958 2,204 107 53 74 113 71 10	1,887 509 259 2 2,198 88 2 59 31 11 22	2,505 86 552 13 3,156 2,292 109 1105 124 93 10	12,238	7,353	19,591
Total Noncredit Course Enrollment				-	3,598	9,764	6,009
Duplicates					229	121	350
Net Total Credit and Noncredit Course Enrollment					15,607	9,643	25,250

Noncredit Institutes and Conferences Institute of Applied Mechanics Conference on International Law Ninth Summer Educational Conference Assessors' Institute Fourth Annual Conference on Religion Round Table Conference on Reading Problems of Teaching  Ordnance Camp National Institute for Traffic Safety Training Parent Education Institute Great Lakes Regional Conference on Adult Education. Curriculum Conference Twenty-fifth Annual Michigan Highway Conference. Assessors' Institute Michigan-Ohio Foremen's Conference Seventh Annual Adult Education Institute Coal Utilization Institute National Conference on Airport Construction Twelfth National Meeting of the Oil and Gas Power Division of the A.S.M.E. University of Michigan Law Institute	June 27-July 29 July 5-July 15 July 11-July 12 July 11-July 15 July 11-July 15 July 31-Aug. 13 Aug. 8-Aug. 20 Nov. 2-Nov. 5 Dec. 2-Dec. 3 Jan. 14 Feb. 15-Feb. 19 March 20-March 21 April 22 May 1-May 6 May 16, 17, 18 June 7-June 9 June 19-June 22	70 30 97 41 200 93 36 123 54 132 97 479 28 757  168 121	111 56 100 338  100 614 176 123  637 2	70 41 153 41 300 431 36 133 668 308 220 479 28 757 170 121 225 176		`	
Total Institute and Conference Enrollments					2,902	2,092	4,994
Total Duplicates (estimated) Not Total Conditional Noncodit Course					18,509 325	11,735 350	30,244 67 <b>5</b>
Net Total, Credit and Noncredit Courses, Institutes, and Conferences					18,184	11,385	29,569

Withdrawals.—The 1938-39 withdrawal studies appearing on pages 224-25 include only those departures which took place during the Regular Session. Cases in which the student left the University at the close of the second semester without the faculty action "Home" or "Not to return without the consent of the Administrative Board" have not been considered. Instances in which the student was asked to leave the University because of poor scholarship, but was immediately reinstated, have been included, although there was no actual interruption in the course of study. In February, the table shows 49 cases of this nature in the College of Engineering, where no corresponding figure appears for the previous year. This is due to a change in the method of recording such cases on the permanent record rather than to any alteration in the policy of the College.

Perhaps the most equitable comparison of the withdrawals of the present year with those of the preceding year may be made by taking into consideration only those students who left sometime between September and June and did not return. Deducting those cases of students who were sent home in February and immediately reinstated, those sent home in June who left, those sent home in June and immediately reinstated, and those receiving the action "Not to return without the consent of the Administrative Board" in June, the separations for 1938–39 were 1,393. This compares with 1,227 similar cases for the year 1937–38.

It is realized that, in many instances, the students do not give the complete or correct reason for withdrawal. In cases where students leave the University in February, no formal statement concerning the reasons for the departures are required. Where no reasons are known, we have had to be content with an analysis of the satisfactory or unsatisfactory status of the records at the time of withdrawal.

Degrees.—During 1938-39, 3,178 degrees in course, the largest number ever granted, were conferred. This was 235 more than the number in 1937-38. Twenty-five years ago, in 1914-15, the University conferred only 1,234 degrees. During the twenty-five-year period, the gain in number of degrees granted has been a steady one, with only seven of the years showing decreases over the preceding year. The low point of the period was in 1918-19, when the World War took its toll of degree candidates and the University graduated only 833 students.

The chief task of the University is to prepare students for work in fields in which advanced education is desirable, if not required. It is a source of satisfaction, therefore, that the number receiving the official badge of the University indicating that they are so trained has increased approximately 150 per cent during the last quarter of a century.

TABLE X

ANALYSIS OF WITHDRAWALS BY CAUSE SEPTEMBER, 1938—JUNE, 1939

CAUSE OF WITHDRAWAL	L., S., & A.	Eng.	Med.	Law	Pharm.	Dent.	Arch.	Ed.	Bus. Ad.	For. & Con.	Nurs.	Music	Grad.	Duplicates	Net Total
1. Home action: February—left February—left June—left. June—left. June—immediately reinstated. Other times—left.  2. Not to return without the consent of the Administrative Board: February. June Other times.  3. Ill health. 4. Financial difficulties. 5. Attending school elsewhere 6. Family illness and need 7. Employment. 8. Not specified—average less than "C" for final semester. 9. Not specified—satisfactory average for final semester. 10. Transfer within the University other than graduation. 11. Graduation and transfer within the University. 22. Graduation—left.	167 6  16 35 26 61 17 3 6 6 39 64 33 29	158	4 1 9 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	71   7 1 2  4 1 4 1 15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	1  5  4 4  2 10 16 4 13	6 6 1 2 1 2 1 6 6 9 4 5 1 2 1 2	2 6  1  1 2 8 3	2 3* 	8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 .3  4 .2 1 .1 .3 9 .5	21 3  27 440 10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	174 121* 437 38 2 16 39 26 127 45 8 17 60 108 657 (101) (52) 241
Total Duplicates Net Total	41	38	_3	106	13	17  17	50  50	124	24  24	17  17	23  23	34 34	<u></u>	3 6  9	2,116† 88 2,028†

NOTE.—Withdrawals at the close of the second semester which were not accompanied by a "Home" or "N.T.R." action have been disregarded. Students who withdrew during the first semester and re-entered the same school for the second semester have also been disregarded.

The 49 Engineering students received the following June actions: Home—29; Home—immediately reinstated—4; Probation Raised—12; Withdrew during Semester—4.

The 1 Medical student received an action of Probation Continued in June.

The 3 Forestry students received the following June actions: Probation Continued—2; Action Deferred—1.

† Totals for (10) and (11) have not been included since they are not withdrawals from the University.

<sup>\*</sup>The 68 L., S., and A. students reinstated immediately after a February Home action received the following June actions: No Action—1 (transfer); Home—32; N.T.R.—1; Probation—20; Raised Probation—5; Withdrew During Semester—7; Action Deferred—2.

TABLE XI ANALYSIS OF WITHDRAWALS BY DATE SEPTEMBER, 1938-June, 1939

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL	L., S., & A.	Eng.	Med.	Law	Pharm.	Dent.	Arch.	Ed.	Bus. Ad.	For. & Con.	Nurs.	Music	Grad.	Duplicates	Net Total
October. November. December January.	12 17 13 18	8 8 4 4	2 3 ··	··· 4 2 1	.; .;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2 1 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1 	2 1 1	  i	11 14 9 5	  	37 61 31 38
February: Withdrawal. Transfer within the University. Immediate reinstatement. March April. May. June*.	62 68 24 18 15	49 49 14 9 11	12 7 1 2 1	24 1  1 1 1 71	3 1  1  5	5    9	28 5  2  6	95 9 ··· 4 1 1 6	9 3  2 	11  1 	8 1 ··· 1 4 4	18 5  1  8	514 10 11 8 7	3  1 1	1,158 (153) 121 62 43 43 519
Total Duplicates† Net Total.	41	<u>37</u>	3	106	13  13	17  17	50  50	124	24 ·· 24	17  17	23  23	34 •• 34	590  590	5 4 - 9	2,113‡ 85 2,028‡

<sup>\*</sup> This includes June withdrawals before the close of the semester and June "Home" and "N.T.R." withdrawals at the close. † Duplicates between February reinstatement and June "Home" or "N.T.R." ‡ Transfers within the University have not been included.

TABLE XII

DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES CONFERRED IN 1938-1939

	Years of University			
	Study Required	Men	Women	Total
College of Literature, Science, and the Arts				
Bachelor of Arts	4	536	334	870
Bachelor of Arts in Library Science	5	13	19	32
Bachelor of Science	4	57	18	75
Bachelor of Science in Chemistry	4	13	1	14
Bachelor of Science in Medicine	4	1	ō	1
College of Engineering			•	-
Bachelor of Science in Engineering				
Aeronautical Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	60	0	60
Astronomy	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	ŏ	1
Business Administration	4 plus 1 S.S.	7	ő	7
Chemical Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	77	0	77
Civil Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	25	0	25
Electrical Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	48	0.	48
Engineering Mechanics	4 plus 1 S.S.	3	0	3
	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	-	
Geodesy and Surveying	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	0	1
Law	•	_	0	1
Mathematics	4 plus 1 S.S.	7	0	7
Mechanical Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	134	0	134
Metallurgical Engineering	4 plus 1 S.S.	16	0	16
Naval Architecture and Marine Engi-				
neering	4 plus 1 S.S.	16	0	16
Physics	4 plus 1 S.S.	7	0	7
Transportation	4 plus 1 S.S.	5	0	5
Medical School	(or 7 on the com-)			
Doctor of Medicine	8 { or 7 on the com- } bined curriculum }	90	12	102
Law School	( binea curriculum )			
Bachelor of Laws	, for 6 on the com-	131	2	133
Juris Doctor	bined curriculum	43		44
Julis Doctor	(or 7 on the com-)	73		77
Destan of Toutstand Colonia	bined curriculum			
Doctor of Juridical Science	8 { plus at least 1 }	3	0	3
	year original			
0.11 4.79	( study outside )			
College of Pharmacy				
Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy	4	14	2	16
School of Dentistry				
	6 plus outstanding			
Doctor of Dental Science	professional	1	0	1
	achievements			
Doctor of Dental Surgery	6	32	1	33
College of Architecture		•		
Bachelor of Architecture				•
Architecture	5	4	0	4
Architectural Engineering	5	1	0	1
Bachelor of Design	4	4	20	24
Bachelor of Science in Architecture				
Architecture	4	18	0	18
Architectural Engineering	. 4	7	Ō	7
• •			-	

# TABLE XII (Continued)

	Years of University Study Required	Men	Women	Total
School of Education Bachelor of Arts in Education Bachelor of Science in Education	4	17 17	· 51	68 43
School of Business Administration	·			
Master of Business Administration	6 or 5 on the com- bined curriculum	50	2	52
School of Forestry and Conservation Bachelor of Science in Forestry	4 plus 1 S.S.	68	1	69
Bachelor of Science in Forestry (Wood Technology)	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	0	1
Master of Forestry	5 plus 1 S.S.	20	. 0	20
Master of Forestry (Wood Technology) .	5 plus 1 S.S.	1	0	1
School of Music Bachelor of Music	•		•	
Harp	4	0	2	2
Music Literature	4	1		2 1
Organ	4	0	1 5	6
Piano Public School Music	4	15		. 27
Theory	4	1		2
Voice	4	ō		1
Master of Music	•			
Composition	5	2		2
Musicology	5	3		5
Organ	5	5		5
Piano	5	1 19		6 24
Public School Music	5 5	3		6
Theory	. 5	1	_	2
Violoncello	5	ō	_	1
Voice	5	3	1	4
Rackham School of Graduate Studies				
Master of Arts	5	331	227	558
Master of Arts in Library Science	6	6	16	22
Master of Arts in Social Work	5	0	_	5
Master of Design	5	1		3
Master of Landscape Design	5	3		5 3
Master of Public Administration	. 6 . 5	226		251
Master of Science	5	1		1 .
Master of Science in Chemistry	5	8		8
Master of Science in Engineering	5 plus 1 S.S.	22	0	22
Master of Science in Industrial Engineering	5	3		.3
Master of Science in Public Health	5 plus 3 mos. prac. exp.	47		67
Master of Social Work	6	2	2 2	4
Mechanical Engineer	4 undergrad. yrs. plus 5 yrs. pro- fessional exp. plus	1	1 0	1
	[ 1 graduate year ]	<b></b>		0.2
Doctor of Philosophy	7	71	1 12 2 0	83 2
Doctor of Public Health  Doctor of Science	7 7	_	4 0	4
Doctor of Science	•		. •	•

# TABLE XII (Continued)

	Years of University Study Required	Men V	Vomen	Total
Special Certificates and Diplomas				
Certificate in Anesthesia	1 calendar year	0	8	8
degree)	4	4	5	9
Medicine	Varies	33	0	33
Certificate in Public Health Nursing	1 1/2	0	38	38
Certificate in Social Work	4 plus 1 yr. prac. exp.	0	9	9
Teacher's Certificates (granted with degree) Michigan College Life Certificates College of Literature, Science, and the		•		
Arts	4	105	49	154
College of Architecture	4	6	0	6
School of Education	4	. 67	28	95
ate Studies  Junior College Permanent Certificates Horace H. Rackham School of Gradu-	4	6	7	13
ate Studies	4	7	0	7
Registered Nurse's Diplomas Commissions	3 calendar years	0	49	49
U.S. Army Officers Reserve Corps				
Corps of Engineers	4 plus 1 S.S.	16	0	· 16
Field Artillery	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	0	1
Infantry	4 plus 1 S.S.	21	0	21
Ordnance	4 plus I S.S.	25	0	25
Signal Corps	4 plus 1 S.S.	2	0	2
U.S. Marine Corps	4 plus 1 S.S.	1	0	1
Honorary Degrees  Master of Arts: Charles Ward Seabury Master of Engineering: Robert Samuel Archer Doctor of Education: Allen Sisson Whitney Doctor of Engineering: Adolphus Mansfield Dudley Bryson Dexter Horton Doctor of Laws: Martin Henry Carmody Guy Stanton Ford	William Herber Frank William Doctor of Letters Edwin Carl Loc Roedder Doctor of Music Edward Johnso Doctor of Scienc Ward J. Mach Walter Mulford Peyton Rous	Murph s: othar Cle : on e: Veal	у	
SUMMARY OF DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES C	ONFERRED IN 1938-39			

COMMINE OF DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES CONTENEED IN	1700 07		
	Men.	Women	Total
Total Degrees in Course		842	3,178
Special Certificates and Diplomas		193	421
Commissions		0	66
Honorary Degrees	14	0	14
Note.—2,943 degrees in course, 407 special certificates and dip	plomas, 65	commissions,	and 13

Faculty statistics.—Four professors and 4 associate professors were added to the 1938–39 emeritus list. The professors were: Earle Wilbur Dow, A.B., Professor Emeritus of History; James Waterman Glover, A.M., Ph.D., Professor Emeritus of Mathematics; Clarence Linton Meader, A.M., Ph.D., Professor Emeritus of General Linguistics; Henry Arthur Sanders, A.M., Ph.D., Professor Emeritus of Latin. The associate professors were: Jonathan Augustus Charles Hildner, Ph.D., Associate Professor Emeritus of German; Margaret Mann, Associate Professor Emeritus of Library Science; George Carroll Cone, B.S. in L.A., Associate Professor Emeritus of Landscape Design; John Henry Ehlers, Ph.D., Associate Professor Emeritus of Botany. Reference Librarian Emeritus Byron Alfred Finney, A.B., was lost to the University through death, May 31, 1938.

Although the 1938-39 Regular Session enrollment increased 5.6 per cent, the number of faculty members through the rank of instructor, based upon the budget as it was originally adopted, was 3 less than it was in 1937-38. In the 1938 Summer Session, the enrollment increased 12.9 per cent, and the number of faculty members decreased 2. Detailed figures, showing the faculty distribution according to sex and Schools and Colleges, follow:

#### FACULTY STATISTICS

1938-1939

#### UNIVERSITY STAFF BY RANKS

1.	Officers and Faculty Emeritus:
	Dean Emeritus of Women
	Dean Emeritus of the Colleges of Engineering and Architecture
	Dean Emeritus of the Medical School
	Dean Emeritus of the School of Education
	Professors Emeritus:
	College of Literature, Science, and the Arts
	Medical School
	Law School
	College of Pharmacy
	School of Dentistry
	School of Education
	Director Emeritus of the University Extension Service
	Associate Librarian Emeritus
	Associate Professors Emeritus:
	College of Literature, Science, and the Arts
	Conlege of Literature, Science, and the Arts
	maral .
	Total 37
	*Duplicates
	N

<sup>\*</sup> Dean Emeritus of the School of Education and Professor Emeritus of Educational Administration and Supervision; Dean Emeritus of the Medical School and Professor Emeritus of Bacteriology. Director Emeritus of the University Extension Service and Professor Emeritus.

# FACULTY STATISTICS (Continued).

	Men	Women	Total
2. Teaching Faculty:			
*Regular Session:			
Professors	231	4	235
Associate Professors	139	7	146
Assistant Professors	166	12	178
Instructors	176	35	211
Total		58	770
1938 Summer Session:			
Professors	122	4	126
Associate Professors	70	8	78
Assistant Professors	84	4	88
Instructors	72	26 .	98
Total		42	390
Professors		5	255
Associate Professors		10	151
Assistant Professors		12	180
Instructors		45	227
Instructors	. 182	<del>43</del>	
Total	741	72	813
Extension Service:			
Credit Courses			
Class		8	81
Correspondence	. 8	5	13
Class	42	7	49
Correspondence		9	26
Duplicates between Credit and Noncredit	. 1,	,	20
Class	6	0	<del></del> 6
Correspondence	. —7	<b>—4</b>	-11
Net Total	127	25	152

<sup>\*</sup> Based upon the budget as originally adopted.

1938-1939 DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHING FACULTY BY SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

RANK	L., S., & A.	Eng.	Arch.	Med.	Law	Pharm.	Dent.	Ed.	Bus. Ad.	For. & Con.	Nursing	Music	Graduate*	Hyg. & P.H. & Phys. Ed.	Ei. S	Total for Academic Year†	1938 Summer Session	Net Total 1938–39
Professor. Associate Professor. Assistant Professor. Instructor.	98 72 82 60	43 27 33 19	5 6 6	23 19 25 66	16 1 2 	1 1 	9  6 16	13 8 4 6	8 3 2 1	7 5 	9	6 3 8 15	4 2 1 	6 2 4 13	1 '7 	235 146 178 211	126 78 88 98	255 151 180 227
Total	312	122	21	133	19	4	31	31	14	12	9	32	7	25	8	770	390	813

<sup>\*</sup>Other faculty teaching graduate courses are included in the other Schools and Colleges.
† The following duplicates have been deducted from these totals: Professors, L., S., & A.-Ed., 2; L., S., & A.-Grad, 2; L., S., & A.-Bus. Ad., 1; Associate Professors, L. S., & A.-Ed., 1; L., S., & A.-Bus. Ad., 1; Ed.-Phys. Ed., 1; Instructors, Med.-Nurs., 1; Ed.-Phys. Ed., 1; Med.-Hyg. & P. H., 1.

The Honors Convocation.—The sixteenth Annual Honors Convocation was held Friday, April 28, 1939, in Hill Auditorium, at eleven o'clock. Guy Stanton Ford, B.L., Ph.D., LL.D., D.Litt., President of the University of Minnesota, was the principal speaker for the occasion.

The number of juniors, sophomores, and recipients of special scholarships and fellowships in the Graduate School who were invited to be guests of honor at this time remained about the same as in the previous year. The increase of 62 in the total number of guests was contributed by the seniors, freshmen, other honor students, and recipients of special scholarship awards. Figures showing the number of students honored in the various groups follow:

# HONORS CONVOCATION

1,0,	Men	Women	Total
Seniors with average of at least "B," and holding rank in the highest 10 per cent of the class	164	57	221
Juniors	56	26	82
Sophomores	63	22	85
Freshmen	71	40	111
Graduate School			
Fellowships and scholarships	78	18	96
Other honor students	167	21	188
Recipients of special scholarship awards:	135.	51	186
Total Citations	734	235	969
*Duplicates	91	22	113
Total Students Honored	643	213	856

<sup>\* 76</sup> men and 20 women received 2 citations each, 6 men and 1 woman received 3 each, and 1 man received 4 citations.

Grades in freshman subjects.—In March, 1939, University of Michigan records for the first semester of graduates from the various high schools were sent to the respective principals of high schools from which the students had graduated. These reports listed the courses, hours of credit, grade earned, and the division of the University in which the student was enrolled. For the first time since this service has been offered, the report also showed the rank earned by each student in his psychological and English tests. With these reports, a sheet was included showing the grade-point averages, by courses, in all courses open to them and the total number of hours of each grade earned by all September, 1938, freshman entrants. This study showed the following distribution of grades:

	A	В	С	. D	E	$\mathbf{IX}$	Total
Total semester hours	2,641	7,114	10,288	2,337	1,058	412	23,850
Per cent	11.1	29.8	43.1	9.8	4.4	1.7	•

The following scale was used: A—4 points; B—3; C—2; D—1; E—0. The general grade-point average in all courses pursued by freshmen was 2.3, as compared with 2.4 for 1937-38.

The decrease in the total number of hours shown as compared with the

previous year may be accounted for to some extent by the decrease in the number of entering freshmen, from 1,647 in September, 1937, to 1,609 in September, 1938. The greater portion of the change, however, is occasioned by the fact that this year's figures include only those grades earned by freshmen in freshman courses, whereas the figures for the preceding year represent grades earned by all students enrolled in courses normally pursued by freshmen.

Scholarship chart.—For the year 1938-39 and thereafter, the Committee on Scholarship authorized a change from a percentage basis to a gradepoint basis for figuring scholastic averages for the various organizations as follows:

Grade	Old Basis Per Cent	New Basis Grade Points		
· A	100	. 4		
В	. 85	3		
С	70	2 .		
D	50	1		
E	20	0		
IX	disregarded	disregarded		

The change was made because this grade-point scale has been adopted by the larger units of the University, and it is also in quite general use in other educational institutions throughout the country. Under the old system an "A" and an "E" grade (or a "B" and a "D" grade) for the same hours of credit averaged to something below a "C" grade, thereby placing a penalty on a failure which could not be offset by an equal amount of excellent, or superior, work. Under the new method an "A" and an "E" grade (or a "B" and a "D") balance at a "C," or satisfactory, grade.

The men's dormitories led the general groups with an average of 2.63, or .12 of a point better than the preceding year. This is particularly encouraging as additional dormitories for men are now in the process of erection.

Kappa Nu ranked top among the forty-one general fraternities for the second successive year, with an average of 2.79. Phi Sigma Sigma, for the general sororities, advanced from eighteenth or last to the first position with an average of 2.84, or almost "B." Both of these groups would have reached this same position under the former method of figuring averages. The demonstration, made by Phi Sigma Sigma, of a complete reversal of position within the period of only one year should prove inspirational to those groups in the lower region of the chart.

Phi Delta Epsilon led the medical groups with 2.94, the Lawyers Club (2.49) topped the law groups, independent dental students (2.43) was first among the dental groups, and Alpha Chi Sigma (2.75) among the other professional groups.

Because of certain requirements in the professional schools regarding repetition of courses conditioned or failed, and in view of lack of uniformity of grading systems, it seems advisable to consider medical, law, and dental students as separate groups. Comparisons between these groups or with the rest of the University are not significant.

Among University-operated women's dormitories, Alumnae House ranked highest scholastically, with 2.89 average grade points. This average was earned by the 18 girls in residence. The residents of Martha Cook Building deserve special mention also, as 131 girls contributed to their very good average of 2.77.

All groups earned scholastic averages which placed them between "B" and "C" grade. It should be borne in mind that the range from the highest to the lowest average is less than one grade point, so that the differences between the individual groups are not large.

In order that recognition for outstanding scholarship might be given independent women at the Assembly banquet, this office was asked to determine the freshman, sophomore, and junior independent women with the highest average in 1938–39. Their names follow:

Freshman—Mildred Irene Rich Sophomore—June Tenby Larson Junior—Frances Grace Orr

		GRADE-POINT AVERAGE*	
GROUP	1938-39	1937-38	Change
Men's dormitories	2.63	2.51	.12
Independent women students	2.61	2.61	.0
General sororities	2.61	2.57	.04
Women students	2.59	2.58	.01
Independent men and women	2.53	2.53	.0
General fraternities and sororities	2.53	2.53	.0
Women's dormitories and League houses	2.53	2.53	.0
Men and women	2.52	2.52	.0
Independent men students	2.50	2.50	.0
General fraternities	2.50	2.51	<b>—</b> .01
Men students	2.49	2.49	.0
Independent medical students	2.66	2.66	.0
Medical fraternities	2.65	2.66	01
All medical students	2.65	2.66	01
Independent law students	2.29	2.34	<b>—</b> .05
All law students	2.28	2.33	05
Law fraternities		2.34	11
Independent dental students	2.43	2.51	08
All dental students		2.46	06
Dental fraternities		2 43	04

<sup>\*</sup> The rank is figured using the scale A—4 grade points; B—3 grade points; C—2 grade points; D—1 grade point; E—0 grade points. Medical, law, and dental students are not included in this group. Because of lack of uniformity between the grading systems in the professional and those in the nonprofessional schools of the University, it seems advisable to consider medical, law, and dental students as separate groups. The comparison of these schools, either with each other or with the rest of the University, is not significant.

Remarks.—Wherever it is possible, the Statistical Division of the Registrar's Office is endeavoring to eliminate duplication between offices in the

collection of data concerning the student. Unfortunately, this frequently means that, although the new procedure results in a distinct saving to the University as a whole, additional time and money must be expended by this office.

In most instances no charge is made the department served, although the collection and posting of all grades earned by students during 1938-39, a joint undertaking of the offices of the Dean of Students, the Dean of Women, and the Registrar, involved the expenditure of so much time and money that it could not be considered without prorating the expense to the various co-operating offices. Collection of data is made by some of the offices on campus when there is a slack period and clerks have plenty of time. With assistants furnished under the NYA plan, some of the pressure of work is relieved, and there is more time free for individual offices to make their own collections without jeopardizing other and more important duties.

With this situation confronting us, we have endeavored wherever it seemed expedient to collect and supply information to other offices without charge, within the limits of our present staff and funds.

### EDITORIAL DIVISION

The publications issued by the Editorial Division during 1938–39 consisted of the 104 numbers of Volume 40 of the University of Michigan Official Publication and 328 nonserial publications, 254 of which were School of Music programs. For a list of the serial publications, see page 54.

The following new serial publications were issued during the year: English Literature in England (S.S., 1939), National Youth Administration College and Graduate Aid (1937-38), Catalog of Motion-Picture Films (1938-39), Institute of Latin-American Studies (S.S., 1939), Film Showing (Extension Service, 1939), Graduate Division, Northern State Teachers College (S.S., 1939), Graduate Division, Western State Teachers College (S.S., 1939), Graduate Division, Michigan State Normal College (S.S., 1939), Graduate Division, Central State Teachers College (S.S., 1939). Other new publications edited and seen through the press were as follows: "Forest and Fungus Succession in the Lower Yukon Valley" (School of Forestry and Conservation Bulletin, No. 9), the first two numbers of the Michigan Governmental Studies, Michigan Pamphlets, No. 1 ("Taxing Intangibles," 1939) and No. 2 ("Financing Michigan's Government: 1930-38"), and two numbers of Ars Islamica. The manuscripts on What to Read: Alumni Reading Lists (Third Series), as well as Notes on the Literature of the Piano, by Albert Lockwood, were edited. Other bulletins that were proofread by the Editorial Division included the Regents Proceedings, the University Record, the May Festival Libretto, Occasional Papers and Miscellaneous Publications of the Museum of Zoology, Occasional Contributions from the Museum of Anthropology, Contributions from the University Herbarium, and Contributions from the Laboratory of Vertebrate Genetics; also 53 galleys on the Alumnus Quarterly. The University Encyclopedia is still in the process of editing; much of it is ready for the printer.

Two-year bulletins were issued as follows: School of Forestry and Conservation Announcement (1938-39 and 1939-40) and Landscape Design (1938-39 and 1939-40).

The faculty file has increased in size, due to the number of research assistants on research projects which are now included in the *Register*. As an experiment, appointments, changes of title, and resignations were recorded for the General Library. This has facilitated the checking of the University directory cards for this department.

The *University Faculty Directory* for 1938-39 was issued October 4, a month earlier than it was the year before, and at a time when it met a definite need. Publication at this date was made possible through the fine co-operation of the departments.

The NYA students brought the Master Catalog File of courses up to date. This file now covers a ten-year period, and research will be started on it this coming year.

The Register of Staff and Graduates for 1938-39 is now in preparation. This is compiled from the faculty file, which contains a card for every faculty member of the staff who is either on the University budget or holds an appointment which appears in the Regents Proceedings. In the Register the personnel of the University staff is recorded for the year beginning July 1 and ending June 30, together with all degrees, diplomas, and certificates granted by the Board of Regents. The names of professors, associate professors, assistant professors, instructors, and officers of faculty rank are arranged in order of date of appointment and length of continuous service according to present rank.

Prior to the 1938-39 Register, leaves of absence for one semester or more were noted. In respect to retirements and changes of title, the most recent title was recorded. Resignations were not noted if the resignation occurred during the year, but the name was omitted in the following issue. Beginning with the 1938-39 Register of Staff and Graduates a change was effected. Resignations, retirements, changes of title, leaves of absence for one semester or more which occurred during the period covered, were recorded with notation of the dates of these events in order to present a more detailed and more accurate record of these changes.

The experience of the Registrar's Office during the last few years indicates clearly that students begin making definite plans for college at least in the fall of the senior year in high school. No serious-minded student wants to make a choice of a school until he has had an opportunity to examine its catalog or announcement. To meet the demand, the University should provide a sufficient supply of college announcements for the ensuing year, and these should be available for distribution throughout the entire year. In the past and at present we have had the unfortunate experience of being without announcements of certain divisions as long as six or eight months at a time. This not only increases by two or three times the correspondence with prospective students, but, of more importance, it is a source of annoyance to them. They fail to get announcements in reply to their original

request and sometimes in reply to a second or third request. Many prospective students who receive announcements or catalogs from other institutions make their college plans before our announcements reach them. It is urgently recommended that the University authorities in charge of the ordering of these publications give serious consideration to increasing their orders to meet these reasonable demands. In order to bring this about, it may be that funds for the printing of the announcements of the Schools and Colleges should be in the hands of a central committee.

## Respectfully submitted,

IRA M. SMITH, Registrar

# ADMINISTRATIVE PUBLICATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY\* UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

#### VOLUME XLT .

#### SERIAL

#### NO.

1. Courses in Biological Chemistry, S.S., 1938. 4 pp.

 Report of the University Health Service, 1936-37 (Reprint from President's Report, 1936-37). 20 pp.

3. Two-Year Curriculum in Dental Hygiene. 8 pp.

4. The Institute of Far Eastern Studies, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

5. Report of the Registrar of the University, 1936-37 (Reprint from President's Report, 1936-37). 56 pp.

\$\frac{1}{26}\$. Death Notices, September, 1936—September, 1937. 24 pp.

7. Classical Languages and Literatures, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

8. Summer Educational Conferences, S.S., 1938. 2 pp.

9. Roundtable Conference on Reading Problems of Teachers, July 11-15, 1938. 4 pp.

10. Ninth Annual Summer Education Conference, July 5-15, 1938. 6 pp.

11. Human Adjustment in the Summer Camp, S.S., 1938. 4 pp.

12. Speech and General Linguistics, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

13. The Linguistic Institute, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

- ‡14. Bureau of Alumni Relations—Twenty-sixth General Bulletin—Some Essentials of University Progress. 16 pp.
  - 15. The Graduate Conference on Renaissance Studies, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

16. Field Courses in Geology and Surveying, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.,

17. Courses in Public Health, S.S., 1938. 8 pp.

18. Symposium on Theoretical Physics and Courses in Physics, S.S., 1938. 16 pp.

19. Register of Staff and Graduates, 1936-37. 204 pp.

20. School of Music Announcement, 1938-39. 168 pp.

- A Conference on Curriculum Problems in Physical Education, School Health, and Recreation, S.S., 1938. 8 pp.
- 22. Law School Announcement, 1938-39, with List of Students, 1937-38. 64 pp.

23. School of Business Administration Announcement, 1938-39. 108 pp.

24. Directions for Registration and Classification, First Semester, 1938-39. 24 pp.

25. Courses in Library Science, 1938-39. 8 pp.

26. University Extension Lectures, 1938-39, 48 pp.

- 27. Horace H. Rackham Undergraduate Scholarships, 1938. 4 pp.
- 28. College of Literature, Science, and the Arts Announcement, 1938-39. 304 pp.

† This series includes official announcements of courses and reports.

Not handled by the Editorial Office.

<sup>\*</sup> These publications are edited by the Editorial Office, Registrar's Office.

- The Fourth Annual Conference on Religion, S.S., 1938. 4 pp.
- 30. School of Dentistry Announcement, 1938-39. 80 pp.
- 31. Proceedings of the Twenty-fourth Annual Highway Conference, 1938. 256 pp.
- 32. Bibliography of Publications by Members of the Several Faculties of the University of Michigan, 1935-37. 116 pp.
- Extension Credit and Noncredit Courses, First Semester, 1938-39. 24 pp. 33.
- 34. English Literature in England, S.S., 1939. 14 pp.
- 35. Education Courses for Part-Time Students, 1938-39. 4 pp.
- 36. School of Dentistry Alumni Bulletin, July, 1938. 20 pp.
- \*37. Field Courses in Education, 1938-39. 6 pp.
- 38. Library Extension Service, 1938-39. 16 pp.
- 39. Horace H. Rackham School of Graduate Studies Announcement, 1938-39. 352 pp.
- 40. Annual Report of the Bureau of Co-operation with Educational Institutions, 1938. 28 pp.
- 41. College of Architecture Announcement, 1938-39. 120 pp.
- School of Education Supplementary Announcement, 1938-39. 8 pp. 42.
- Avery Hopwood and Jule Hopwood Awards, 1938-39. 16 pp. 43.
- Institute of Public and Social Administration Announcement, 1938-39. 56 pp. 44.
- 45: School of Forestry and Conservation Announcement, 1938-39, 1939-40. 56 pp.
- Supervised Correspondence Study Courses, 1938-39. 24 pp. 46.
- Department of Landscape Design, 1938-39, 1939-40. 40 pp. 47.
- Courses for Teachers and School Administrators, 1938-39, 4 pp. 48.
- 49. Michigan High School Forensic Association, 1938-39. 64 pp.
- 50. National Youth Administration College and Graduate Aid, 1937-38. 72 pp.
- 51. Announcement of Radio Programs, October 9, 1938-April 9, 1939. 16 pp.
- 52. University of Michigan Directory, 1938-39. 192 pp.
- Catalog of Motion Picture Films, 1938-39. 40 pp. 53.
- 54. Financial Report of the University of Michigan, Year Ended June 30, 1938.
- 55. Medical School Announcement, 1938-39. 130 pp.
- 56. Ninth Annual Parent Education Institute, 1938. 8 pp.
- 57. School of Dentistry Alumni Bulletin, October, 1938. 24 pp.
- 58. Regulations for the Women's Dormitories, 1939. 8 pp.
- Register of Staff and Graduates, 1937-38. 196 pp. 59.
- 60. Second Great Lakes Regional Conference on Adult Education, December 2 and 3, 1938. 8 pp.
- 61. Bulletin of General Information, 1939-40. 82 pp.
- The Lawyers Club. 14 pp. 62.
- University Hospital School of Nursing Announcement, 1939-40, 48 pp. 63.
- School of Music Programs, 1937-38. 104 pp. 64.
- **\***65. Bureau of Alumni Relations-Twenty-seventh General Bulletin-The University Today, 1939. 16 pp.
- General Register Issue, 1936-37, Sections I and II. 2,932 pp. 66.
- 67. Institute of Latin-American Studies, S.S., 1939. 8 pp.
- 68. Biological Station, S.S., 1939, 20 pp.
- 69. Register of Students, 1937-38. 512 pp.
- 70. College of Pharmacy Announcement, 1939-40. 64 pp.
- Extension Credit and Noncredit Courses, Second Semester, 1938-39. 20 pp. 71.
- 72. Summer Session Abridged Announcement, Campus Edition, 1939, 32 pp.
- Law School, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 73.
- Courses in Biological Chemistry, S.S., 1939. 4 pp. School of Education, S.S., 1939. 32 pp. 74.
- 75.
- A Summary of the President's Report, 1937-38-Twenty-eighth General Bulle-**\***76. tin-Bureau of Alumni Relations. 16 pp.
  - The President's Report, 1937-38. 396 pp.

<sup>\*</sup> Not handled by the Editorial Office.

- Summer Session Abridged Announcement, Regular Edition, 1939. 32 pp.
- School of Music, S.S., 1939. 40 pp. 79.
- Avery Hopwood and Jule Hopwood Awards, S.S., 1939. 4 pp. 80.
- School of Dentistry Alumni Bulletin, March, 1939. 24 pp. 81. Scholarships, Fellowships, Prizes, and Loan Funds. 56 pp.
- 82.
- Courses in Public Health Nursing, S.S., 1939. 6 pp. 83.
- Schoolmasters Club of Michigan Official Program, April 27, 28, and 29, 1939. 84. 36 pp.
- Report of the Registrar of the University, 1937-38 (Reprint from President's 85. Report, 1937-38). 56 pp.
- Field Courses in Geology and Surveying, S.S., 1939. 16 pp. 86.
- Courses in Library Science, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 87.
- Human Adjustment in the Summer Camp, S.S., 1939. 4 pp.
- Death Notices, September, 1937-September, 1938. 24 pp. **\*89.**
- Germanic Languages and Literatures, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 90.
- Bureau of Alumni Relations, Ninth Alumni University, June 19-24, 1939. 6 pp. **\***91.
- Courses in Hygiene and Public Health, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 92.
- Report of the University Health Service, 1937-38 (Reprint from President's 93. Report, 1937-38). 20 pp.
- 94. Classical Languages and Literatures, S.S., 1939. 16 pp.
- Film Showing, Extension Service, May 6, 1939. 8 pp. 95.
- Graduate Division, Northern State Teachers College, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 96.
- Graduate Division, Western State Teachers College, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 97.
- Graduate Division, Michigan State Normal College, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. 98.
- 99. Graduate Division, Central State Teachers College, S.S., 1939. 8 pp. Forty-sixth Summer Session Complete Announcement, 1939. 256 pp.
- ·100.
- 101. Graduate Conference on Renaissance Studies, S.S., 1939. 16 pp.
- Department of Speech, S.S., 1939. 16 pp. 102.
- Institute of Far Eastern Studies, S.S., 1939. 16 pp. 103.
- Symposium in Theoretical Physics, S.S., 1939. 24 pp. 104.

#### OTHER OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS

University of Michigan Regents' Proceedings. 22 issues, July, 1938, through June, 1939. Not for distribution.

University Record. 4 issues.

<sup>\*</sup> Not handled by the Editorial Office.